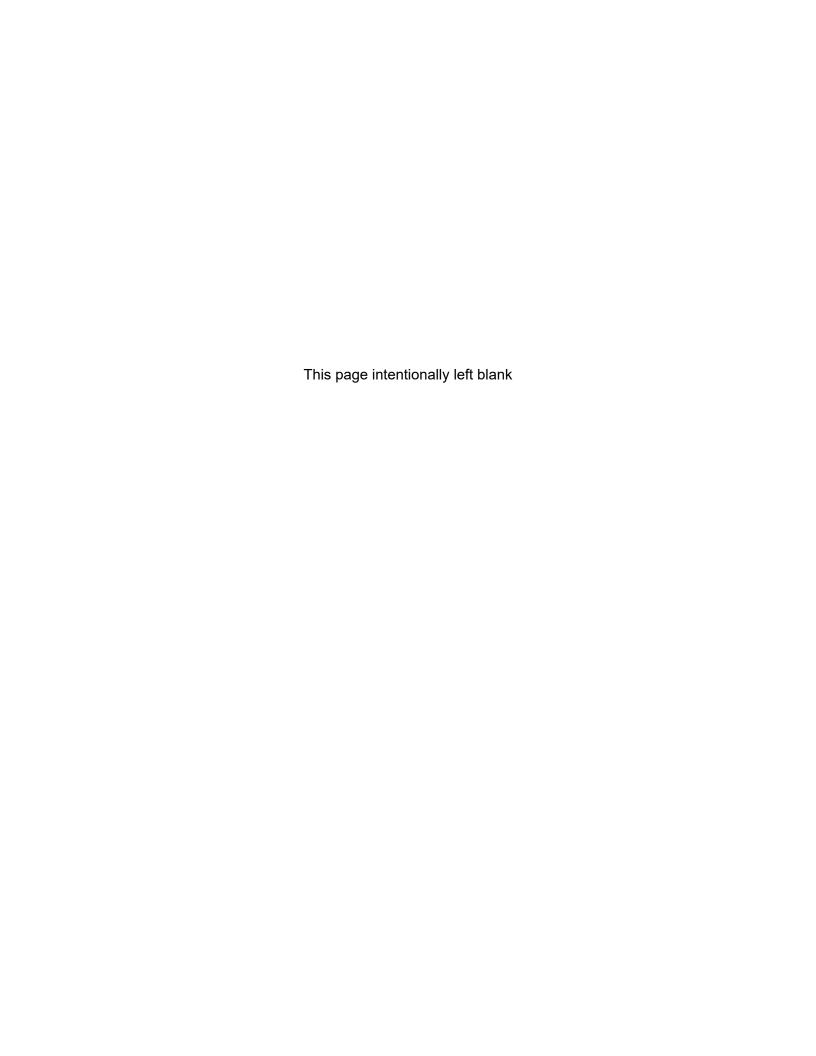


# FORESTHILL PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT with Independent Auditor's Report Thereon JUNE 30, 2023



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# **District Officials**

# District Board of Directors

Ron Thompson President

Jane Stahler Vice President

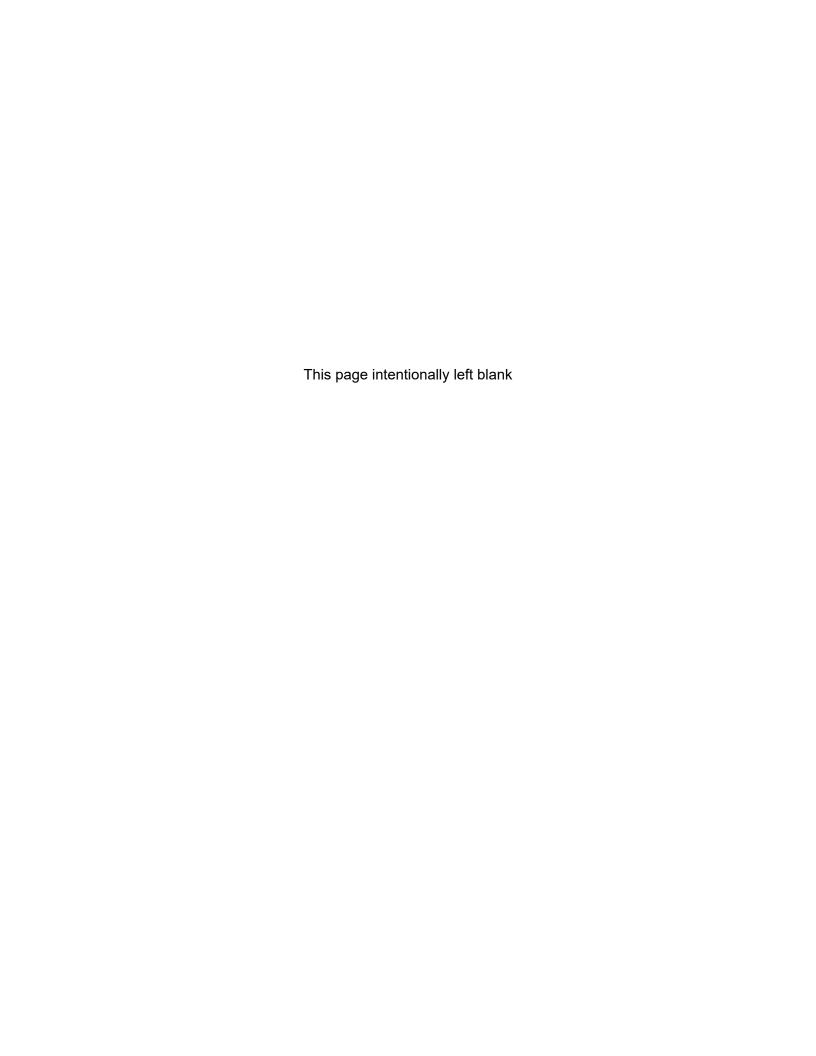
Mark Bell Treasurer

Roger Pruett Director

Peter Kappelhof Director

Other District Officials

Henry White General Manager



735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### **PARTNERS**

Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA
Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA
Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA
Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST
Gardenya Duran, CPA, CGMA
Brianna Schultz, CPA, CGMA
Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST (Partner Emeritus)
Terry P. Shea, CPA (Partner Emeritus)

#### MANAGERS / STAFF

Seong-Hyea Lee, CPA, MBA
Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA
Veronica Hernandez, CPA
Laura Arvizu, CPA
John Maldonado, CPA, MSA
Julia Rodriguez Fuentes, CPA, MSA
Demi Hite, CPA
Jeffrey McKennan, CPA
Monica Wysocki, CPA

#### MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Foresthill Public Utility District Foresthill, California

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of Foresthill Public Utility District (District) as of and for the year-ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

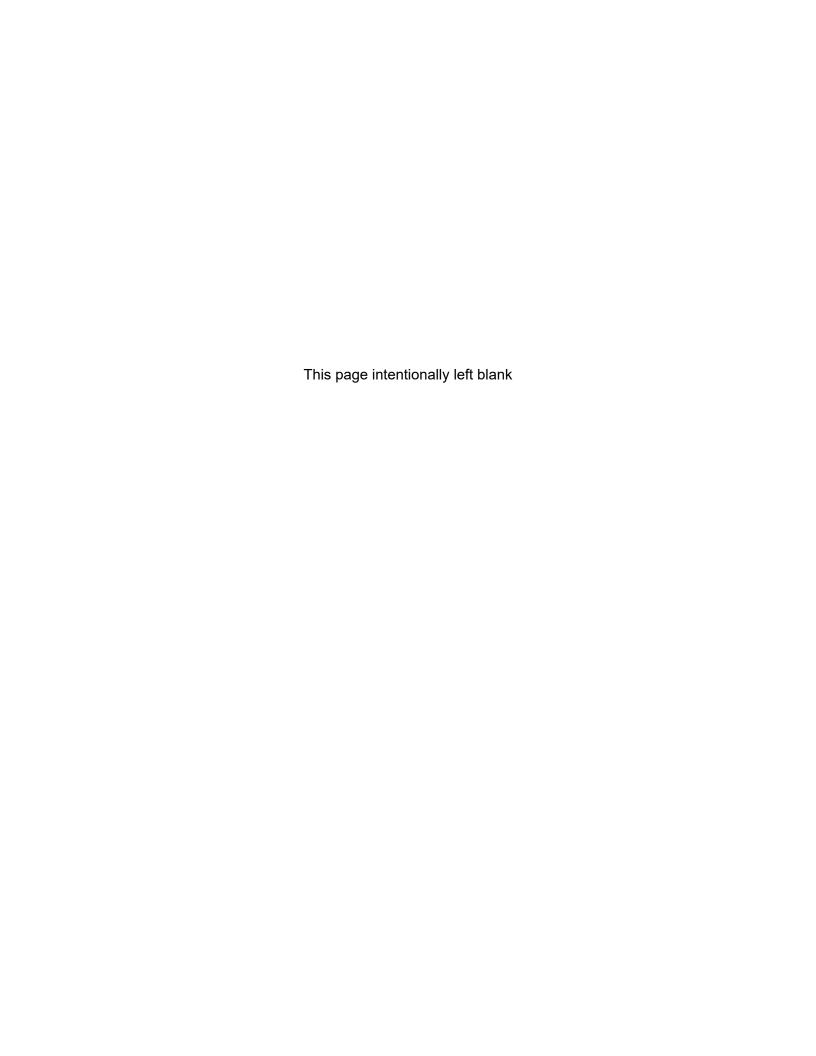
#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the budget to actual-enterprise fund, schedule of operating expense-enterprise fund and debt covenant ratios but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Rogers, Anderson, Malody e Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California October 3, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

This section of the Foresthill Public Utility District (District) annual financial report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section and with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The District's government-wide net position increased 9.95% or \$1,322,383 to \$14,612,521 in fiscal year 2023 due primarily to grant income of \$1,201,900.
- In 2023, the District's Enterprise Fund's total charges for services increased 1.99% or \$53,326 to \$2,728,614.
- In 2023, the District's Enterprise Fund's operating expenses increased by 57.96% or \$1,034,913 compared to the prior year. This was caused by a large actuarial adjustment in unfunded pension liability and OPEB. The amount was a net increase in expenses of \$883,847. Excluding pension and OPEB, costs increased by 6.88% or \$151,893.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The financial section of this report consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section);
- Basic Financial Statements:
  - Government-Wide Financial Statements;
  - Fund Financial Statements; and
  - Notes to Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Information

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial improvement or deterioration.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the past year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (accrual basis of accounting). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue – "governmental activities" from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges – "business-type activities." The governmental activities of the Foresthill Public Utility District includes debt service for the improvement bonds. The business-type activity of the District's is the water system.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A "fund" is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories:

- Governmental Funds; and
- Proprietary Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike those statements, the focus in these statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District has only one governmental fund: Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the District charges customers. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund, as described below.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for water operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages as listed in the table of contents of this report.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The required supplementary information regarding the funding progress of the District's pension and OPEB plans can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

#### **Supplemental Information**

These schedules are for additional analyses for the District Enterprise Fund and can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

# Analysis of Net Position

With the consolidation of government-wide net position into one statement and other changes such as the exclusion of fiduciary funds, net position may now serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$14.61 million. The summary of net position is as follows as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022	FY 2023 \$ Change	FY 2023 % Change	
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 6,385,069	\$ 6,691,340	\$ (306,271)	-4.58%	
Other non-current assets	997,636	1,159,670	(162,034)	-13.97%	
Capital assets, net	11,208,739	9,448,273	1,760,466	18.63%	
Total Assets	18,591,444	18,591,444 17,299,283		7.47%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pension related	529,683	396,874	132,809	33.46%	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	767,847	894,934	(127,087)	-14.20%	
Long-term liabilities	2,759,973	2,441,679	318,294	13.04%	
Total Liabilities	3,527,820	3,336,613	191,207	5.73%	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Pension related	-	9,311	(9,311)	-100.00%	
Special assessments	980,786	1,060,095	(79,309)	-7.48%	
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	980,786	1,069,406	(88,620)	-8.29%	
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	10,297,521	8,495,518	1,802,003	21.21%	
Restricted	2,399,356	1,934,478	464,878	24.03%	
Unrestricted	1,915,644	2,860,142	(944,498)	-33.02%	
Total Net Position	\$ 14,612,521	\$ 13,290,138	\$ 1,322,383	9.95%	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

- Total net position increased by \$1,322,383 from 2022 to 2023.
- \$10,297,521 (net of related debt) is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, other
  improvements, construction in progress, and equipment) less any outstanding related debt
  used to acquire these assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to
  the community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.
- \$2,399,356 (16.42%) in net position is restricted and represents resources that are subject
  to restrictions either by enabling legislation or externally imposed by creditors (such as
  through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other
  governments. The detail of this amount can be found in Note 1 to the financial statements.
- The remaining unrestricted net position for 2023 is \$1,915,644, while in 2022 it was a net position of \$2,860,142.

# **Changes in Net Position**

The following table reflects the change in net position for Governmental and Business-type Activities for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		2023	2022	FY 2023 \$ Change	FY 2023 % Change
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services					
Sales of water	\$	2,700,614	\$ 2,641,456	\$ 59,158	2.24%
Water service related fees		28,000	33,832	(5,832)	-17.24%
Operating grants and contributions					
Grant income		1,201,900	 67,274	 1,134,626	1686.57%
Total Program Revenues		3,930,514	 2,742,562	 1,187,952	43.32%
Program Expenses:					
Source of supply		23,667	38,679	(15,012)	-38.81%
Pumping		24,970	22,661	2,309	10.19%
Water treatment		450,476	366,847	83,629	22.80%
Transmission and distribution		476,905	343,419	133,486	38.87%
Customer service		332,316	472,331	(140,015)	-29.64%
Regulatory compliance		276,293	257,023	19,270	7.50%
Administration and general		386,355	316,094	70,261	22.23%
Pension and OPEB		463,061	(420,786)	883,847	210.05%
Depreciation and amortization		387,251	390,112	(2,861)	-0.73%
Interest expense		82,106	 91,223	 (9,117)	-9.99%
Total Program Expenses		2,903,400	 1,877,603	 1,025,797	54.63%
General Revenues:					
Interest income (loss)		37,892	(206,203)	244,095	118.38%
Assessments received		84,271	80,958	3,313	4.09%
Property taxes		130,970	106,926	24,044	22.49%
Capital facility fees		42,136	158,010	(115,874)	-73.33%
Reimbursements		-	49,439	(49,439)	-100.00%
Other revenue		-	 2,440	 (2,440)	-100.00%
Total General Revenues		295,269	 191,570	103,699	54.13%
Change in Net Position		1,322,383	1,056,529	265,854	25.16%
Net Position, beginning of year		13,290,138	 12,233,609	 1,056,529	8.64%
Net Position, end of year		14,612,521	\$ 13,290,138	\$ 1,322,383	9.95%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities changed the District's net position by \$29,265. Business-type Activities changed the District's net position as follows:

Increase in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,802,003
Increase in reserve for capital activities	301,678
Decrease in reserve for repairs and replacements	(496,866)
Increase in reserve for debt services	43,216
Increase in reserve for emergencies	600,000
Increase in unrestricted reserves	(956,913)
Change in net position	\$ 1,293,118

Such increases in net position are vital to the District as capital projects must be "saved up" for. During the fiscal year, the District continued with a pipeline replacement project will ultimately cost \$2,196,000. Additional projects are planned and will be completed as the necessary reserves are accumulated.

#### Revenues

The Governmental Activities total revenues were \$84,574 and Business-type Activity revenues were \$4,141,209 for the year ended June 30, 2023. For Business-type Activities this represented a total increase of \$1,290,522 from 2022. Program revenues include charges for services and grants and contributions. Program revenues provided approximately \$3,930,514 for business-type activities. The primary reason for the increase in program revenues is due to grant funds received and spent during the current year. General revenues include, among other things, taxes, assessments, and intergovernmental revenues. General revenues provided \$210,695. The majority of general revenues came from property taxes, capital facility fees, and investment earnings.

#### **Expenses**

Expenses for the District totaled \$2,903,400 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Governmental Activities incurred \$55,309 in expenses and Business-type Activities incurred \$2,848,091 in expenses during the year, an increase of 56.52%. The increase is primarily due to the pension/OPEB adjustment which was a net increase of \$883,847. Business-type activity expenses were funded by program revenues.

# Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The Foresthill Public Utility District uses fund accounting to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance-related legal compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available to provide services and capital project construction. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net spendable resources.

At the end of fiscal year 2022-23, the District's governmental fund reported restricted fund balance of \$16.850 for debt service and a deficit of \$293.083 in unassigned fund balance.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The capital assets are reported as follows:

	2023	2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated		
Land	\$ 36,568	\$ 36,568
Construction in progress	2,275,884	161,352
Intangible assets, net	1,039,833	1,089,619
Total assets not being depreciated	3,352,285	1,287,539
Depreciable capital assets Assets at cost:		
Source of supply	3,016,487	3,016,487
Pumping plant	31,286	31,286
Water treatment	1,538,065	1,532,142
Transmission and distribution	11,313,280	11,289,923
General plant	498,023	498,023
Total assets at cost	16,397,141	16,367,861
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,540,687)	(8,207,127)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,208,739	\$ 9,448,273

The District's investment in capital assets, before the related debt, for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, was \$11,208,739 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, and equipment. The District's investment in capital assets, before the related debt, had a net increase of \$1,760,466 primarily due to the pipeline replacement project. For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets are depreciated from the acquisition date over their useful lives on a straight-line basis. More information on capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### Debt Administration

At the end of FY 2022-23, the District had long-term liabilities of \$1,629,500 and \$812,179 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Additional information about the District's long-term obligations can be found in Note 5 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Government Activities:	2023	2022
Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund:		
2017 Water Revenue bonds	\$ 674,900	\$ 738,500
2017 Limited Obligation Refunding bonds	954,600	1,005,300
Total Assessment District	1,629,500	1,743,800
Business-Type Activities:  District Enterprise Fund:		
2014 Water loan agreement	812,179	952,755
Total Enterprise Fund	812,179	952,755
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 2,441,679	\$ 2,696,555

# **Going Forward**

The District's Adopted Budget for Fiscal year 2023-24 reflects a continued commitment to both operational improvements and long-term sustainability. Although the revenues seen during the Fiscal Year 2022-23 are not expected at the same levels this year, primarily due to one-time grant revenues of \$1.2 million from the Placer County Water Agency for the Foresthill Road/Sierra View Lane capital project, which involved replacing 6,000 linear feet of pipeline and the addition of several new fire hydrants to protect the community. For Fiscal Year 2023-24, the District is focused on maintaining fiscal stability through conservative revenue and expense management, including a 1% increase in rates effective July 2023 to help offset increasing expenses. The water transfer market remains uncertain, but the District will continue to explore opportunities for transfers and grants to provide funding for important infrastructure projects to serve the community.

In terms of infrastructure, work continues constructing and maintaining critical infrastructure systems. Although capital projects investment slowed due to staffing challenges, including the retirement of a significant majority of crew and a tragic accident involving the District's sole accountant. Despite this, key projects were completed, such as the telemetry system replacement at Sugar Pine Dam and a Settlement and Deflection Survey submitted to regulators. The Foresthill Road Pipeline replacement, delayed by the Mosquito Fire, was completed in October 2023, with successful negotiations with the County, saving \$250,000 in paving restoration costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

The 2023-24 budget includes a cost-of-living adjustment for staff, aimed at improving the District's ability to recruit and retain qualified personnel, which is important following the recent retirements in key field positions. Additional expenses which have increased are accounting and auditing services following the loss of the Finance Manager, with the role being filled by external contractors, and resulting in additional funds necessary for contracted financial services to ensure continued financial management and reporting. Lastly, rising costs in insurance and vehicle fuel have been accounted for, and management will work to keep those expenses within reasonable limits despite external economic conditions.

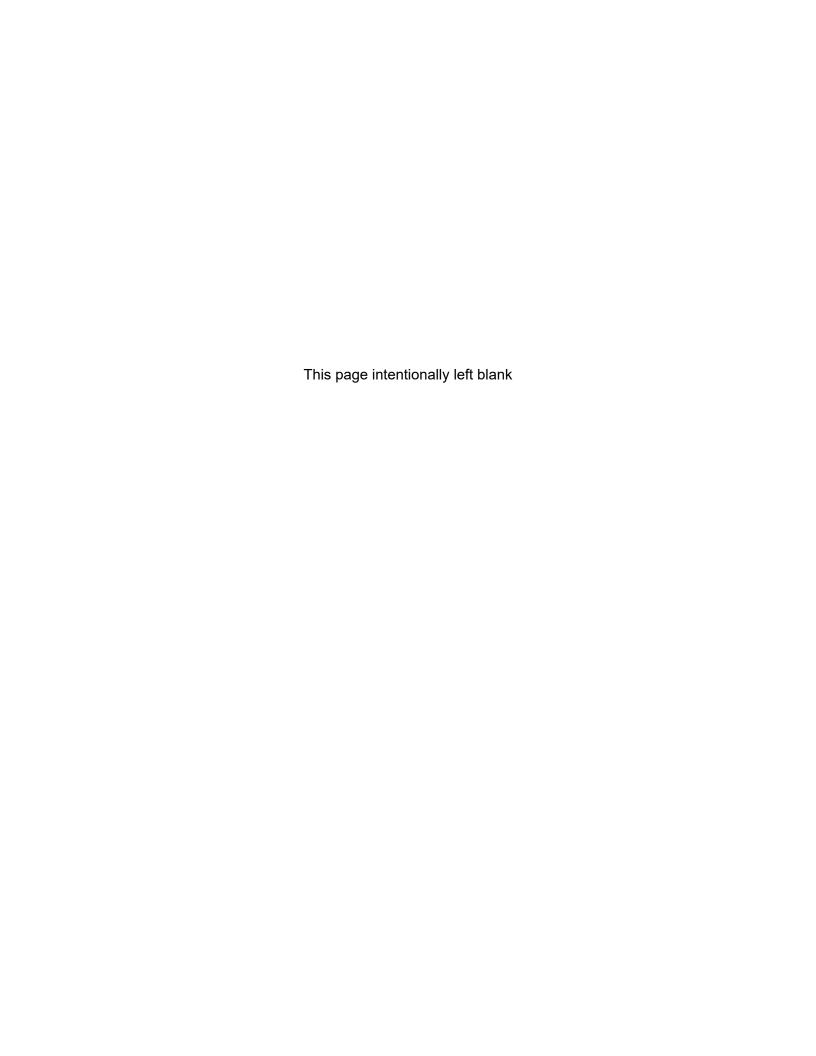
Looking ahead, the District remains focused on diversifying its revenue sources, investing in infrastructure, and improving operational efficiency, while staying responsive to changing economic conditions.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's funding sources, customers, stakeholders, and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the District at 24540 Main Street, Foresthill, California, or call (530) 367-2511.



**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 719,000	\$ 719,000
Investments	-	4,949,315	4,949,315
Accounts receivable:			
Accounts receivable, net	-	473,233	473,233
Taxes receivable	-	12,597	12,597
Interest receivable	-	32,243	32,243
Prepaid expenses	-	144,415	144,415
Internal balances	(278,510)	278,510	-
Inventory - materials and supplies		54,266	54,266
Total current assets	(278,510)	6,663,579	6,385,069
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net	-	11,208,739	11,208,739
Assessment receivable	980,786	-	980,786
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	16,850		16,850
Total noncurrent assets	997,636	11,208,739	12,206,375
Total assets	719,126	17,872,318	18,591,444
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred outflows - pension related		529,683	529,683
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	-	54,941	54,941
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	21,500	21,500
Accrued interest payable	14,573	3,993	18,566
Retainage payable	-	99,039	99,039
Customer deposits payable	-	58,718	58,718
Compensated absences liability	-	250,164	250,164
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	118,100	146,819	264,919
Total current liabilities	132,673	635,174	767,847
Long-term liabilities:			
Net other post-employment benefits payable	-	80,270	80,270
Net pension liability	-	502,943	502,943
Long-term debt, net current	1,511,400	665,360	2,176,760
Total long-term liabilities	1,511,400	1,248,573	2,759,973
Total liabilities	1,644,073	1,883,747	3,527,820
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Special assessments to be collected	980,786		980,786
Total deferred inflows of resources	980,786		980,786
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Net investment in capital assets	-	10,297,521	10,297,521
Restricted	16,850	2,382,506	2,399,356
Unrestricted	(1,922,583)	3,838,227	1,915,644
Total net position	\$ (1,905,733)	\$ 16,518,254	\$ 14,612,521

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

			F		m Revenues			Net Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	perating xpenses		harges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Gran	pital nts and ibutions		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Governmental activities: General government Interest on long-term debt	\$ 827 54,482	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(827) (54,482)			\$	(827) (54,482)
Total governmental activities	 55,309								(55,309)				(55,309)
Business-type activities: Water	2,848,091		2,728,614		1,201,900				<u> </u>		1,082,423		1,082,423
Total business-type activities	2,848,091		2,728,614		1,201,900						1,082,423		1,082,423
Total	\$ 2,903,400	\$	2,728,614	\$	1,201,900	\$			(55,309)		1,082,423		1,027,114
		Pr Inv As	neral revenues operty taxes vestment earnin sesssments rec apital facility fees	gs eived					- 303 84,271 -		130,970 37,589 - 42,136		130,970 37,892 84,271 42,136
		7	Total general r	evenu	es				84,574		210,695		295,269
		(	Change in net	positio	n				29,265		1,293,118		1,322,383
			position eginning of year						(1,934,998)		15,225,136		13,290,138
		Er	nd of year					\$	(1,905,733)	\$	16,518,254	\$	14,612,521

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund June 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Restricted cash and investments	\$ 16,850
Total assets	\$ 16,850
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Interest payable	\$ 14,573
Due to other funds	 278,510
Total liabilities	 293,083
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)	
Restricted for debt service	16,850
Unassigned	 (293,083)
Total fund balances	 (276,233)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 16,850

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balance (deficit) of governmental fund	\$ (276,233)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Long-term amounts not due are available in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:  Assessment receivable	980,786
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as governmental funds balance sheet:  Bonds payable	(2,610,286)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (1,905,733)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund balance – Governmental Fund Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES Interest income Assessments revenue	\$ 303 84,271
Total revenues	84,574
EXPENDITURES	
Professional services	827
Debt Service:	
Interest expenses	54,482
Principal payments	114,300
Total expenditures	169,609
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (85,035)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)	
Beginning of year	 (191,198)
End of year	\$ (276,233)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Government-wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental fund	\$ (85,035)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities:	
Repayment of principal	 114,300
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 29,265

Statement of Net Position – District Enterprise Fund June 30, 2023

Cash and cash equivalents         719,000           Investments         4,949,315           Receivables, net:         472,235           Accounts receivable         12,597           Interest receivable         32,243           Prepaid expenses         144,415           Due from other funds         278,510           Inventory-materials and supplies         54,266           Total current assets         6,663,579           Noncurrent assets         11,208,739           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         11,208,739           Total noncurrent assets         11,208,739           Total assets         2,78,218           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           LIABILITIES         529,683           Current liabilities:         21,500           Retainage payable         54,941           Accounts payable         54,941           Account payable         54,941           Current elabilities         58,718           Compensated absences liability         56,718           Compensated within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities         635,174           No	ASSETS Current assets:	
Accounts receivable         473,233           Taxes receivable         32,243           Prepaid expenses         144,415           Due from other funds         278,510           Inventory-materials and supplies         54,266           Total current assets         6,663,579           Noncurrent assets:         11,208,739           Total noncurrent assets         11,208,739           Total noncurrent assets         11,208,739           Total assets         11,872,318           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:         21,500           Accounts payable         54,941           Accrued salaries and benefits         21,500           Retainage payable         90,039           Accrued interest payable         3,993           Customer deposits payable         58,718           Compensated absences liability         250,164           Long-term debt, due within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities:         635,174           Noncurrent liabilities         65,360           Total roncurrent liabilities         665,360           Total nonc	·	\$
Noncurrent assets:         11,208,739           Total noncurrent assets         11,208,739           Total assets         17,872,318           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         54,941           Accounts payable         54,941           Accrued salaries and benefits         21,500           Retainage payable         99,039           Accrued interest payable         58,718           Compensated absences liability         250,164           Long-term debt, due within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities:         80,270           Noncurrent liabilities:         80,270           Net other post-employment benefits payable         80,270           Net pension liability         502,943           Long-term liabilities         1,248,573           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,248,573           Total iabilities         1,248,573           Net investment in capital assets         10,297,521           Restricted         2,382,506           Unrestricted         3,838,227	Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Due from other funds	12,597 32,243 144,415 278,510
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         11,208,739           Total noncurrent assets         11,208,739           Total assets         17,872,318           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         54,941           Accrued salaries and benefits         21,500           Retainage payable         99,039           Accrued interest payable         3,993           Customer deposits payable         58,718           Compensated absences liability         250,164           Long-term debt, due within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities:         635,174           Noncurrent liabilities:         80,270           Net pension liability         502,943           Long-term liabilities         80,270           Net pension liabilities         1,248,573           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,248,573           Total liabilities         1,883,747           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         10,297,521           Restricted         2,382,506           Unrestricted	Total current assets	6,663,579
Total assets         17,872,318           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         54,941           Accrued salaries and benefits         21,500           Retainage payable         99,039           Accrued interest payable         3,993           Customer deposits payable         58,718           Compensated absences liability         250,164           Long-term debt, due within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities:         80,270           Net other post-employment benefits payable         80,270           Net pension liability         502,943           Long-term liabilities         665,360           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,248,573           Total liabilities         1,883,747           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         10,297,521           Restricted         2,382,506           Unrestricted         3,838,227		 11,208,739
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         54,941           Accounds payable         99,039           Accrued interest payable         99,039           Accrued interest payable         58,718           Compensated absences liability         250,164           Long-term debt, due within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities:         80,270           Net other post-employment benefits payable         80,270           Net pension liability         502,943           Long-term liabilities         665,360           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,248,573           Total liabilities         1,883,747           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         10,297,521           Restricted         2,382,506           Unrestricted         3,838,227	Total noncurrent assets	11,208,739
Deferred outflows - pension related         529,683           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         54,941           Accrued salaries and benefits         21,500           Retainage payable         99,039           Accrued interest payable         3,993           Customer deposits payable         58,718           Compensated absences liability         250,164           Long-term debt, due within one year         146,819           Total current liabilities         635,174           Noncurrent liabilities:         80,270           Net pension liability         502,943           Long-term liabilities         80,270           Net pension liabilities         665,360           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,248,573           Total liabilities         1,248,573           NET POSITION         1,883,747           Net investment in capital assets         10,297,521           Restricted         2,382,506           Unrestricted         3,838,227	Total assets	17,872,318
Current liabilities:         Accounts payable       54,941         Accrued salaries and benefits       21,500         Retainage payable       99,039         Accrued interest payable       3,993         Customer deposits payable       58,718         Compensated absences liability       250,164         Long-term debt, due within one year       146,819         Total current liabilities       635,174         Noncurrent liabilities:       80,270         Net other post-employment benefits payable       80,270         Net pension liabilities       502,943         Long-term liabilities       665,360         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,248,573         Total liabilities       1,883,747         NET POSITION       Net investment in capital assets       10,297,521         Restricted       2,382,506         Unrestricted       3,838,227		529,683
Accrued salaries and benefits       21,500         Retainage payable       99,039         Accrued interest payable       3,993         Customer deposits payable       58,718         Compensated absences liability       250,164         Long-term debt, due within one year       146,819         Total current liabilities       635,174         Noncurrent liabilities:       80,270         Net other post-employment benefits payable       80,270         Net pension liability       502,943         Long-term liabilities       665,360         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,248,573         Total liabilities       1,883,747         NET POSITION       Net investment in capital assets       10,297,521         Restricted       2,382,506         Unrestricted       3,838,227		
Noncurrent liabilities:Net other post-employment benefits payable80,270Net pension liability502,943Long-term liabilities665,360Total noncurrent liabilities1,248,573Total liabilities1,883,747NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets10,297,521Restricted2,382,506Unrestricted3,838,227	Accrued salaries and benefits Retainage payable Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Compensated absences liability	21,500 99,039 3,993 58,718 250,164
Net other post-employment benefits payable       80,270         Net pension liability       502,943         Long-term liabilities       665,360         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,248,573         Total liabilities       1,883,747         NET POSITION <ul> <li>Net investment in capital assets</li> <li>Restricted</li> <li>2,382,506</li> <li>Unrestricted</li> <li>3,838,227</li> </ul> Net investment in capital assets     10,297,521         Restricted       2,382,506         Unrestricted       3,838,227	Total current liabilities	635,174
Total liabilities 1,883,747  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets 10,297,521 Restricted 2,382,506 Unrestricted 3,838,227	Net other post-employment benefits payable Net pension liability	502,943
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted 10,297,521 2,382,506 3,838,227	Total noncurrent liabilities	1,248,573
Net investment in capital assets10,297,521Restricted2,382,506Unrestricted3,838,227	Total liabilities	1,883,747
	Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 2,382,506 3,838,227

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position District Enterprise Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

OPERATING REVENUES	
Sales of water	\$ 2,700,614
Water service related fees	28,000
Total operating revenues	2,728,614
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Source of supply	23,667
Pumping	24,970
Water treatment	450,476
Transmission and distribution	476,905
Customer service	332,316
Regulatory compliance	276,293
Administration and general	386,355
Pension and OPEB	462,234
Depreciation and amortization	387,251
Total operating expenses	2,820,467
Operating income	(91,853)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Grant income	1,201,900
Investment income	37,589
Property taxes	130,970
Capital facility fees	42,136
Interest expense	(27,624)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,384,971
Change in net position	1,293,118
NET POSITION	
Beginning of year	15,225,136
End of year	\$ 16,518,254

Statement of Cash Flows - District Enterprise Fund	, <u> </u>
For the year ended June 30, 2023	(Continued)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>A</b> 0.740.040
Cash receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,710,219
Cash paid to suppliers  Cash paid to employees and for related benefits	(2,151,095) (9,692)
Odsit paid to employees and for related benefits	(0,002)
Net cash provided by operating activities	549,432
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Interfund borrowings	(85,338)
Property tax receipts	118,373
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	33,035
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of capital assets	(2,048,677)
Interest paid	(28,930)
Payments on long-term, debt	(140,576)
Receipts from capital facility fees	42,136
Grants	1,201,900
Net cash (used for) capital	
and related financing activities	(974,147)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and net investment gains (losses)	30,529
Net cash provided by investing activities	30,529
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(361,151)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,029,466
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,668,315
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 719,000
Investments	4,949,315
. Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,668,315

Statement of Cash Flows - District Enterprise Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

(Concluded)

# RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income (loss)	\$ (91,853)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	
cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation and amortization	387,251
Accounts receivable	(18,395)
Inventory-materials and supplies	(7,405)
Prepaid Expenses	(9,424)
Accounts payable	(163,734)
Accrued salaries	1,104
Deposits payable	450
Compensated absences	20,955
Pension/OPEB related	 430,483
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 549,432
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of capital assets in retainage payable	\$ 99,039

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Foresthill Public Utility District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body of establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As allowed by the GASB, the District has elected to apply to its proprietary activities Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedures issued after November 30, 1989 where not in conflict with GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

# The Reporting Entity

The Foresthill Public Utility District (the District) was formed in 1950 and operates under The Public Utility District Act (The Act). The Act confers upon the District the rights and powers to fix rates and charges for commodities or services furnished, to incur indebtedness and issue bonds or other obligations, and, under certain circumstances, to levy and collect ad valorem property taxes. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the voters within the District.

#### Basis of Presentation

Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

Separate financial statements are provided for the Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service governmental fund and District Enterprise proprietary fund.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of most business-type activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Basis of Presentation (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Grant revenue is recognized when program expenditures are incurred in accordance with program guidelines. When such funds are received they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned. Earned but unbilled water services are accrued as revenue.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following governmental fund:

Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund – To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the Assessment District No. 2 bonds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Basis of Presentation (continued)

The District reports the following enterprise fund:

District Enterprise Fund – The District Enterprise Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenses for operation maintenance and capital improvement funding of the Foresthill Public Utility District facilities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# **Property Taxes**

The District receives property taxes from Placer County. Property taxes receivable are recorded in the fiscal year for which the tax is levied based on the property's assessed value. They become a lien on the first day of the year they are levied. Secured property tax is levied on July 1 and due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are due on July 1, and become delinquent on August 31. The District elected to receive the property taxes from the County under the Teeter Bill Program. Under this program, the District receives 100% of the levied property taxes in periodic payments, with the County assuming responsibility for delinquencies.

#### Inventories

Inventories have been valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories consist of materials and supplies.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, including restricted assets, along with all pooled deposits and investments in the Local Agency Investment Fund, which are available upon demand.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Investments

Investments, including LAIF, are stated at fair value, which represents the quoted or stated market value. Investments that are not traded on a market, such as investments in external pools, are valued based on stated fair value as represented by the external pool. Investments are within the State statutes and the District's investment policy.

#### Receivables and Payables

Property and utility user taxes related to the current fiscal year are accrued as revenue and accounts receivable and are considered available if received within 60 days of year end. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of Net Position. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis is limited to the amount that is deemed measurable and collectible.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmentwide financial statements as "internal balances."

The District estimates the amount of uncollectible receivables based on prior experience and history. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts as of June 30, 2023.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, ponds, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the applicable business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. For certain assets, estimated historical costs are used.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets that range from five to forty years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Capital Assets (continued)

It is the District's policy to capitalize all land and equipment with a cost of \$2,500 or more. Costs of assets sold or retired (and related amounts of accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss is included in the operating statement of the related fund. In governmental funds, the sale of general capital assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as proceeds from sale.

# Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensation time that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources is reported as a current liability. Accumulated sick leave is vested upon age sixty.

# **Budget and Budgetary Accounting**

The Board of Directors annually adopts an operating budget. The operating budgets are prepared on the accrual basis to match the operating statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's long-term debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the bond's debt service.

#### Unavailable and Unearned Revenues

Unavailable revenues in governmental funds arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them (i.e., when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures).

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-activities, or proprietary fund type statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and are amortized over the life of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position**

The government-wide financial statements utilize a Net Position presentation. Net Position are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets into one component of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted net position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2023, the restricted ret position for Business-type Activities consisted of the following:

Fund Type	Amount		Action
District Enterprise Fund: Capital reserve Emergency reserve Repairs and replacement reserve Debt service reserve	\$	427,000 600,000 1,150,830 204,676	Imposed by Resolution 2021-07 Imposed by Resolution 2021-07 Imposed by Resolution 2021-07 Imposed by Resolution 2021-07
Total Restricted	\$	2,382,506	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Net Position (continued)

As of June 30, 2023, the restricted ret position for Governmental Activities \$16,850 (see Fund Balance below).

*Unrestricted net position* – This category represents Net Position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the government-wide financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the District classifies its governmental fund balance as follows:

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation. The restricted fund balance is comprised of the following:

Fund Type	A	mount	Action
Assessment District No. 2			
Debt Service Fund:			
Restricted for debt service	\$	16,850	Imposed by debt agreement

*Unassigned* – include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the Debt Service Fund, and deficit fund balances in any other funds, if applicable.

The District uses restricted or committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96 (GASB 96), Subscription Based IT Arrangement's. No significant impact as a result of adoption.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2021 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2022 Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

## Investments

California statutes authorizes the District to invest in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The Government Code allows investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's or P-1 by Moody's, bankers' acceptance, repurchase agreements, medium-term corporate notes, mutual funds, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

# NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	_	ernmental ctivities	siness-Type Activities	 Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 719,000	\$ 719,000
Investments		-	4,949,315	4,949,315
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		16,850	 	 16,850
Total cash and investments	\$	16,850	\$ 5,668,315	\$ 5,685,165

Cash and investments at fair value as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

Cash on hand Investments with the Local Agency Investment Fund Investments Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 250 307,230 4,949,315 411,520
Total cash and investments	 5,668,315
Restricted cash Cash pooled with other government	16,850
Total restricted cash	16,850
Total cash and investments	\$ 5,685,165

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below are the District's investment policy and actual ratings of the investments as of June 30, 2023:

					Type	of Investment					
Credit	Loca	al Agency				Taxable	C	Corporate	Ce	ertificates of	
Risk	Invest	ment Fund	Munio	cipal Bonds	Mur	nicipal Bonds		Bonds		Deposit	 Total
A+	\$	_	\$	-	\$	195,240	\$	45,290	\$	-	\$ 240,530
Α		-		15,190		101,208		-		-	116,398
A-		-		-		-		179,087		-	179,087
AAA		-		29,621		380,342		-		-	409,963
AA-		-		-		663,901		93,702		-	757,603
AA		-		59,718		1,037,930		-		-	1,097,648
AA+		-		-		470,495		96,303		-	566,798
No Rating		307,230								1,581,288	 1,888,518
Totals	\$	307,230	\$	104,529	\$	2,849,116	\$	414,382	\$	1,581,288	\$ 5,256,545

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District limits the amount that can be invested in any one issuer to the lesser of the amount stipulated by the California Government Code or 50% of total investments, with the exception of U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency Securities, and LAIF. As of June 30, 2023, the District had no individual investment that exceeded 5% of its total investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or for amounts held with fiscal agents, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party such as a broker-dealer. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in and undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the local amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, the bank balances of the District's deposits were insured up to \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The cash pooled with the county totaled \$16,580.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (In Months)										
_			12 Months		13-23		24-36		37-48		49-60		
Туре	Total		or Less		Months		Months		Months		<u>Months</u>		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	307,230	\$	307,230	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Held in Brokerage Account:													
Municipal bonds		104,529		74,561		29,968		-		-		-	
Taxable municipal bonds		2,849,116		277,009		1,165,952		946,840		203,268		256,047	
Corporate bonds		414,382		-		93,702		273,278		-		47,402	
Certificates of deposits		1,581,288		49,992		183,287		177,310		481,793		688,906	
Total	\$	5,256,545	\$	708,792	\$	1,472,909	\$	1,397,428	\$	685,061	\$	992,355	

#### Investments by Fair Value Level

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the District's investments in its brokerage account are categorized into the following fair value categories:

Level 1 inputs – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the District can access at the year end.

Level 2 inputs – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs – Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Investments by Fair Value Level (continued)

Fair value can be determined using the market approach, cost approach, and income approach. The District's brokerage investments are valued with the market approach by using the available quoted market prices at year end. LAIF is not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

	Fair Value Measurement Using								
		Qι	oted Prices						
			in Active	Signific	ant Other	Sig	nificant		
		Markets for		Obs	ervable	Unobservable			
		lder	ntical Assets	In	puts	lr	nputs		
Туре	 Total	(Level 1)		(Le	evel 2)	(Level 3)			
Municipal bonds	\$ 104,529	\$	104,529	\$	-	\$	-		
Taxable municipal bonds	2,849,116		2,849,116		-		-		
Corporate bonds	414,382		414,382		-		-		
Certificates of deposits	 1,581,288		1,581,288		<u>-</u>				
Total Investments by									
Fair Value Level	\$ 4,949,315	\$	4,949,315	\$	-	\$	-		

#### Investment in LAIF

The District maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), managed by the State Treasurer. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California Government Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. LAIF is stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments.

Copies of LAIF's annual financial report and other information may be obtained from LAIF at 915 Capitol Mall, Room 110, Sacramento, CA 95814 or at its website www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia- laif/. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's prorata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on an amortized costs basis. LAIF is not rated. LAIF has a minimum \$5,000 transaction amount in increments of \$1,000 with a maximum of 15 transactions (combination of deposits and withdrawals) per month. LAIF requires a one-day prior notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$10 million or more.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

The changes in capital assets for the business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Capital assets, not being depreciated	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements	Reclass	Ending balance
Land	\$ 36,568	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,568
Construction in progress	161.352	ء <del>-</del> 2,114,532	φ -	φ -	2,275,884
Intangible assets, net	1,089,619	3,904	(53,690)	-	1,039,833
intaligible assets, rict	1,009,019	3,904	(55,090)		1,009,000
Total assets not being depreciated	1,287,539	2,118,436	(53,690)		3,352,285
Depreciable capital assets					
Assets at cost:					
Source of supply	3,016,487	_	-	_	3,016,487
Pumping plant	31,286	_	-	-	31,286
Water treatment	1,532,142	5,923	-	-	1,538,065
Transmission and distribution	11,289,923	23,357	-	-	11,313,280
General plant	498,023				498,023
Total assets at cost	16,367,861	29,280			16,397,141
Accumulated depreciation					
Source of supply	(1,151,003)	(68,954)	-	-	(1,219,957)
Pumping plant	(24,403)	(344)	-	-	(24,747)
Water treatment	(1,210,893)	(25,127)	-	-	(1,236,020)
Transmission and distribution	(5,352,838)	(232,568)	-	-	(5,585,406)
General plant	(467,990)	(6,567)			(474,557)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,207,127)	(333,560)			(8,540,687)
Net depreciable assets	8,160,734	(304,280)			7,856,454
Total capital assets, net	\$ 9,448,273	\$1,814,156	\$ (53,690)	\$ -	\$ 11,208,739

The District recorded depreciation of \$333,560 and amortization of \$53,690 as part of the program expense.

## **NOTE 4 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The District provides vacation time which accrues based upon years of service. Vacation is paid for accumulated time upon termination subject to an accumulated maximum of 2 years accrual.

	Years of Service								
	0-4	5-14	>14						
Vacation time	10 days	15 days	20 days						

The District also provides sick time to employees which accrue at a rate of one day per month with a maximum accrual of 80 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

The long-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Payments	Ending balance	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:  Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund: 2017 Water Revenue Refunding Obligation	\$ 738.500	\$ -	\$ (63,600)	\$ 674.900	\$ 65,700
2017 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds	1,005,300		(50,700)	954,600	52,400
Total Governmental	1,743,800		(114,300)	1,629,500	118,100
Business-type Activities:  District Enterprise Fund - direct borrowing:					
2014 Water loan agreement	952,755		(140,576)	812,179	146,819
Total Business-Type	952,755		(140,576)	812,179	146,819
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,696,555	\$ -	\$ (254,876)	\$ 2,441,679	\$ 264,919

#### Governmental Activities:

\$1,190,200 – 2017 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds: On August 9, 2017, the District issued the 2017 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds for the refunding of limited obligation improvement bonds. Principal payments ranging from \$42,300 to \$78,700 are due annually beginning September 2, 2018 through 2037 with interest at 3.20% per annum payable, semi-annually on March 2 and September 2.

\$1,037,500 – 2017 Water Revenue Refunding Loan Obligation: On August 9, 2017, the District issued the 2017 Water Revenue Refunding Loan Obligation for the refunding of limited obligation improvement bonds. Principal payments ranging from \$28,100 to \$85,400 are due semi-annually beginning November 1, 2017 through 2031 with interest at 3.20% per annum, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1.

## Business-Type Activities:

\$2,081,149 Water Loan – direct borrowing: Dated August 1, 2014 to repay the Series 2003QQ Certificates of Participation that were issued on October 30, 2003 for the finance of the acquisition of water facilities, improvement, and water rights. The note is secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the District's. Interest rate accrues at 3.25% per annum with semi-annual principal payments from \$56,881 to \$168,516 through November 1, 2028. The District maintains a Trustee reserve fund equal to the maximum annual installment payable. Interest and principal are payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The future annual maturities of long-term borrowings as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Gov	nental Activities		Business-type Activities				
Year Ending June 30:		17 Limited gation Bonds	_	017 Water venue Bonds		Total		eries 2014 ater Loan	Total
Teal Enailing Julie 30.	Opli	gation bonds	Nev	reflue Doffus		TOtal		alei Luaii	 TOLAI
2024	\$	82,109	\$	86,772	\$	168,881	\$	169,696	\$ 169,696
2025		82,006		86,752		168,758		166,164	166,164
2026		82,050		86,765		168,815		167,239	167,239
2027		82,035		86,907		168,942		167,789	167,789
2028		81,865		86,771		168,636		167,813	167,813
2029-2033		409,024		347,506		756,530		44,158	44,158
2034-2037		375,700				375,700			_
		1,194,789		781,473		1,976,262		882,859	 882,859
Less Interest		(240, 189)		(106,573)		(346,762)		(70,680)	(70,680)
		954,600		674,900		1,629,500		812,179	 812,179
Due within one year		(52,400)		(65,700)		(118,100)		(146,819)	 (146,819)
Totals	\$	902,200	\$	609,200	\$	1,511,400	\$	665,360	\$ 665,360

#### **NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### **CalPERS Miscellaneous Pension Plan**

#### General Information

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan or PERF C) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under generally accepted accounting principles. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The District participates in one rate plan (miscellaneous). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect as of June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

_	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous PEPRA
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 67	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 3.0%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employer contribution rates	14.53%	7.47%

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

## Contributions (continued)

Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were \$112,623. The actual employer payments of \$202,299 made to CalPERS by the District during the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 differed from the District's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$179,636 by \$22,663, which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan.

## Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Asset Valuation Method Fair value of assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table (1) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until Purchasing Power

Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30%

thereafter.

<sup>(1)</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS we ebsite.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 Basis points.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return <sup>1,2</sup>
Global equity - cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global equity - non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

#### Change of Assumptions

Effective with the June 30, 2021, valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for fiscal year 2020-21. Based on the thresholds specified in CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate used for funding purposes of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%. Since CalPERS was in the final stages of the four-year Asset Liability Management (ALM) cycle, the board elected to defer any changes to the asset allocation until the ALM process concluded, and the board could make its final decision on the asset allocation in November 2021.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation. The new asset allocation along with the new capital market assumptions, economic assumptions and administrative expense assumption support a discount rate of 6.90% (net of investment expense but without a reduction for administrative expense) for financial reporting purposes. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30% as recommended in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study also recommended modifications to retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates and rates of salary increases that were adopted by the board. These new assumptions will be reflected in the GASB 68 accounting valuation reports for the June 30, 2022, measurement date.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

## Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the District's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Proportionate Proportionate Share					portionate	
	Share of Total			Fiduciary Net	Share of Ne		
	Pension Liability		Position		Pension Liability		
Balance at: 6/30/2021 (VD)	\$	3,457,868	\$	3,540,896	\$	(83,028)	
Balance at: 6/30/2022 (MD)		3,966,087		3,463,144		502,943	
Net Changes during 2021-22	\$	508,219	\$	(77,752)	\$	585,971	

Valuation date (VD, Measurement date (MD)

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the miscellaneous Plan as of the June 30, 2021 and 2022 measurement dates was as follows:

Proportionate Share - June 30, 2021	-0.00437%
Proportionate Share - June 30, 2022	0.01075%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.01512%

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

		Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
	5.90% 6.90%			7.90%			
Plan's Net Pension							
Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,043,592	\$	502,943	\$	58,123	
,	_	, ,					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under generally accepted accounting principles, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 5-year straight-line amortization

All other amounts

Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 574,665 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 153,587 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2021), the District's net pension liability/(asset) was (\$83,027). For the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), the District incurred a pension expense of \$556,474.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2023, the District has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	3.335	\$	
Differences between Employer's Contributions and	Ψ	3,333	Ψ	-
Proportionate Share of Contributions		30,542		-
Changes of Assumptions		51,537		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		92,126		-
Change in Employer's proportion		239,520		-
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		112,623		-
Totals	\$	529,683	\$	_

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2021-22 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$112,623 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

	Outflov	Deferred vs/(Inflows) of
Fiscal year ending June:	R	esources
2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$	157,141 130,932 72,639 56,348
Total	\$	417,060

## Payable to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year then ended.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### Plan Description

The District offers medical, dental, or other health benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District. The plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

Under the current health plan, the District pays for coverage of the retiree and their eligible dependents. To be eligible, employees must have completed 15 or more years of full-time continuous employment at the District and retire from the District. The District has fewer than 100 plan members and has elected to use the alternative measurement method. The assumptions and methods used are based on past history and experience.

## **Net OPEB liability**

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

#### **Contributions**

Under the alternative method, the District does not have annual required contribution and makes contributions to the plan based on the availability of funds and with board approval.

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 2.00%

Healthcare cost trend rate 4.7% to 4.2% for the next 10 years

Discount rate 6.76%

Generally accepted accounting principles requires a discount rate that reflects the following:

- a) The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return;
- b) A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

To determine a resulting single (blended) rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments is compared in each period of projected benefit payments. The discount rate used to measure the District's Total OPEB liability is based on these requirements.

## Sensitivity of the District's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower (5.76%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.76%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	% Decrease Discount Rate		19	√ Increase	
		5.76%	6.76%		7.76%	
Net OPEB liability	\$	115,380	\$	80,270	\$	50,218

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend.

# Sensitivity of the District's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Trend Rate					
	1% I	1% Decrease Current R		rent Rate	1%	Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	61,024	\$	80,270	\$	100,553	

## **Participants**

The number of members participating in the plan as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Participants	
Active	8
Transferred	-
Separated	-
Retired	3
Total	11

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

## Changes in the OPEB liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position, and the net OPEB liability during the measurement period ending on June 30, 2023 for the District:

	Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB	
	L	iability	Net Position		Liability (Asset	
		(a)		(b)	(c)	= (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	317,351	\$	223,713	\$	93,638
Changes recognized for the service	period:					
Service cost		7,545		-		7,545
Interest on total OPEB liability		18,453		-		18,453
Changes of assumptions		(30,591)		-		(30,591)
Actuarial gains/losses		28,385		-		28,385
Administrative costs		-		(193)		193
Net investment income		-		14,451		(14,451)
Employer contributions		-		22,902		(22,902)
Benefit payments		(22,902)		(22,902)		_
Net changes		890		14,258		(13,368)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	318,241	\$	237,971	\$	80,270

The OPEB expense recognized by the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$9,534 and is made up of the following:

Description	Amount
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Administrative expenses Expected return on investments Actuarial gains/losses changes in assumptions	\$ 7,545 18,453 193 (14,451) 28,385 (30,591)
OPEB expense	\$ 9,534

## Changes in assumptions

The discount rate went from 5.88% to 6.76%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The expected rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset class	Target allocation	Target <u>returns</u>
	· ·	
Global equity	49%	5%
Fixed income	23%	5%
TIPS	5%	3%
REITS	20%	5%
Commodifies	3%	3%
Cash	0%	2%
	100%	

#### **NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Interfund balances for operations as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Fund		Due to her Funds	Due from Other Funds		
Governmental Activities: Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund	\$	278,510	\$	- -	
Business-Type Activities: District Enterprise Fund				278,510	
Total	\$	278,510	\$	278,510	

The balances represent the net amount owed to the District for the net accumulation of cash received from assessments and debt service payments by the District on behalf of the Assessment District No. 2.

#### NOTE 9 - RISK OF LOSS

Foresthill Public Utility District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees. The District uses the Special District Risk Management Authority for insurance coverage. During the 2023 fiscal year, the District purchased property, mobile equipment, general and auto liability, and workers compensation coverage to provide for these risks with liability limits ranging from \$500,000 (public official) to \$1,000,000,000 (property). There have been no significant reductions in coverage from coverage in the prior year and there have not been any settlements that have exceeded the coverage in the past three years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 10 - SECTION 457 PLAN**

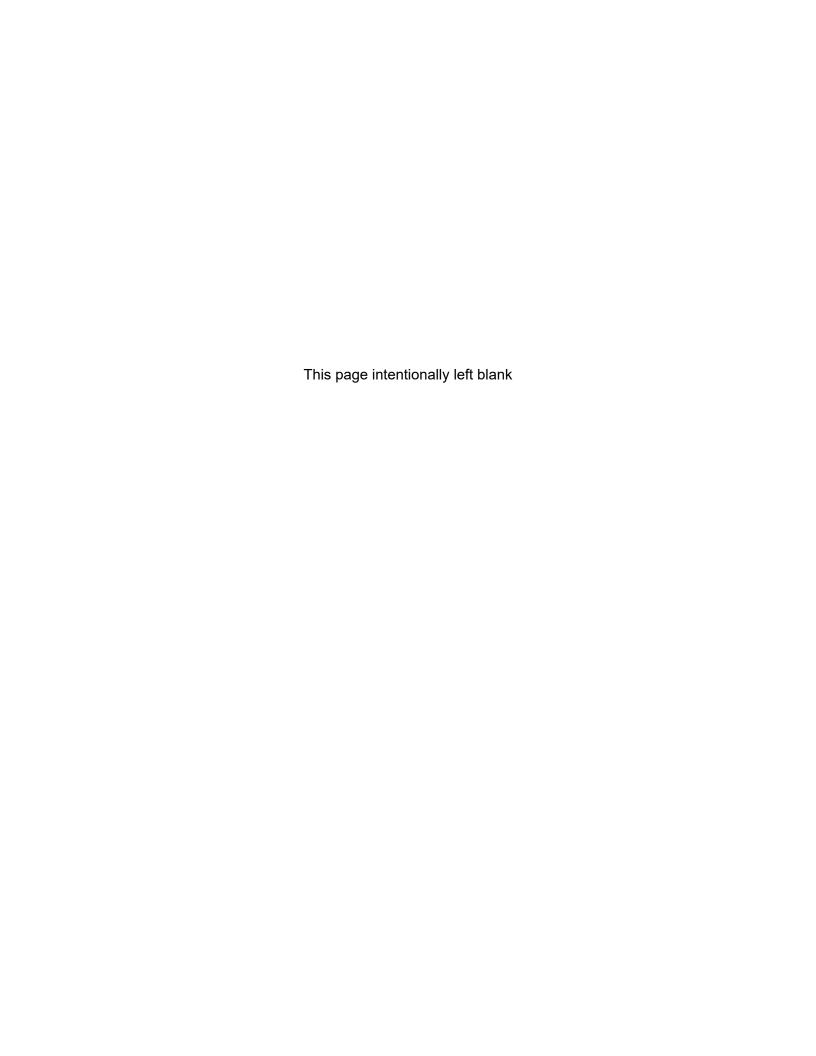
The District adopted a California PERS Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan. The District does not contribute to this plan. All contributions and administrative fees are paid by the employees.

#### **NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES**

The District is currently engaged in ongoing litigation in which the outcome is unknown as of the date of these financial statements.

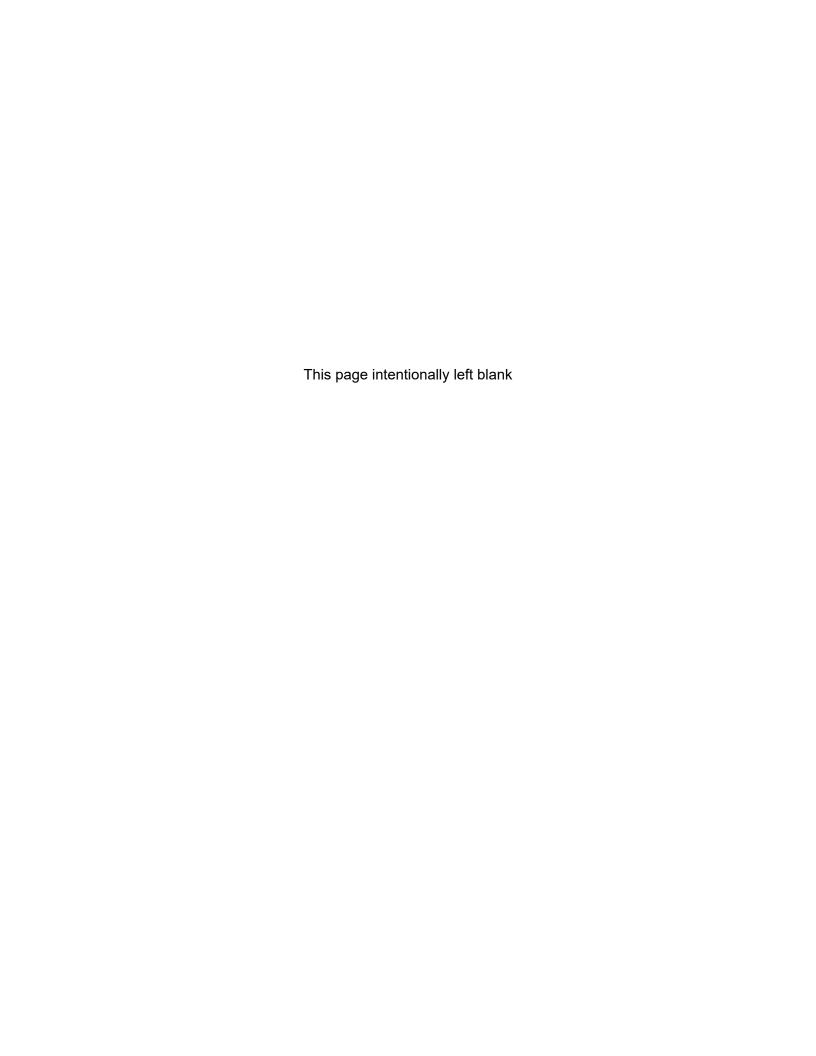
## **NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 3, 2024, the date these June 30, 2023 financial statements were available to be issued.





# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date – Pension For the Last 10 Years\*

					Employer's	
					Proportionate	
					Share of the	Pension Plan's
		Em	ployer's		Collective Net	Fiduciary Net
	Employer's	Prop	ortionate		Pension Liability	Position as a
	Proportion of the	Sha	re of the		as a percentage	percentage of the
	Collective Net	Colle	ctive Net	Covered	of the Covered	<b>Total Pension</b>
Measurement Date	Pension Liability <sup>1</sup>	Pensio	on Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
6/30/2015	0.00455%	\$	312,182	\$ 433,752	71.97%	82.11%
6/30/2016	0.00490%		423,882	452,791	93.62%	78.82%
6/30/2017	0.00502%		497,381	618,627	80.40%	77.37%
6/30/2018	0.00263%		253,597	587,967	43.13%	89.46%
6/30/2019	0.00282%		289,321	618,369	46.79%	89.23%
6/30/2020	0.00319%		346,644	600,226	57.75%	89.23%
6/30/2021	-0.00154%		(83,028)	657,975	-12.62%	86.49%
6/30/2022	0.00435%		502,943	668,899	75.19%	87.32%

<sup>\*</sup> Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

Schedule of the Plan Contributions – Pension For the Last 10 Years\*

		(	Contributions in			
			Relation to the			Contributions
	Actuarially	1	Actuarially	Contribution		as a
	Determine	d	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	Percentage of
Fiscal Year	Contributio	n	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
6/30/2015	\$ 70,	162 \$	(70,162)	\$ -	\$ 491,742	14.27%
6/30/2016	51,	584	(51,584)	-	469,596	10.98%
6/30/2017	51,	584	(51,584)	-	469,596	10.98%
6/30/2018	367,	590	(150,945)	216,645	587,967	62.52%
6/30/2019	153,	526	(132,377)	21,149	618,369	24.83%
6/30/2020	145,	864	(145,864)	-	600,226	24.30%
6/30/2021	158,	566	(158,566)	-	657,975	24.10%
6/30/2022	202,	299	(202,299)	-	668,899	30.24%
6/30/2023	112,	623	(112,623)	-	616,343	18.27%

<sup>\*</sup> Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. Additionally, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from Golden Handshakes that occurred after the June 30, 2021 valuation date, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material to the Public

Changes in Assumptions: Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. There were no assumption changes for 2021. For 2020, the Plan adopted a new amortization policy effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. The new amortization policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed as a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy does not utilize a five-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy also does not utilize a five-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019. There were no changes in assumptions in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2019. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2016, there were no changes in the discount rate. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5% discount rate.

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date – OPEB For the Last 10 Years\*

Measurement Period		2023	2022	 2021		2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability		<u> </u>		<del></del>		<u> </u>	,
Service cost	\$	7,545	\$ 5,270	\$ 5,270	\$	-	\$ 25,512
Interest on total OPEB liability		18,453	22,232	17,279		5,952	8,495
Changes in assumptions		(30,591)	26,167	55,662		14,643	7,581
Actuarial gains/losses		28,385	-	-			-
Benefit payments		(22,902)	(17,559)	(15,087)		(13,899)	(9,000)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		890	36,110	63,124		6,696	32,588
Total OPEB Liability, beginning		317,351	281,241	218,117		211,421	178,833
Total OPEB Liability, ending (a)	_	318,241	317,351	281,241	_	218,117	211,421
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contribution - employer		22,902	17,557	15,087		13,900	49,000
Net investment income		14,451	(34,481)	55,819		6,933	9,299
Benefit payments		(22,902)	(17,559)	(15,087)		(13,899)	(9,000)
Administrative costs		(193)	(216)	(197)		(98)	-
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		14,258	(34,699)	55,622		6,836	49,299
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning		223,713	258,412	202,790		195,954	146,655
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, ending (b)		237,971	223,713	258,412		202,790	195,954
Net OPEB Liability, ending (a) - (b)	\$	80,270	\$ 93,638	\$ 22,829	\$	15,327	\$ 15,467
Plan fiduciary net position as							
a percentage of the total OPEB liability		74.78%	70.49%	91.88%		92.97%	92.68%

Notes to schedule:

#### **Changes Since the Prior Valuation:**

The discount rate of 6.76% was used in the valuation. The interest rate used in the prior valuation was 5.88%.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Information not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be Fiscal year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation.

Schedule of Plan Contributions – OPEB For the Last 10 Years\*

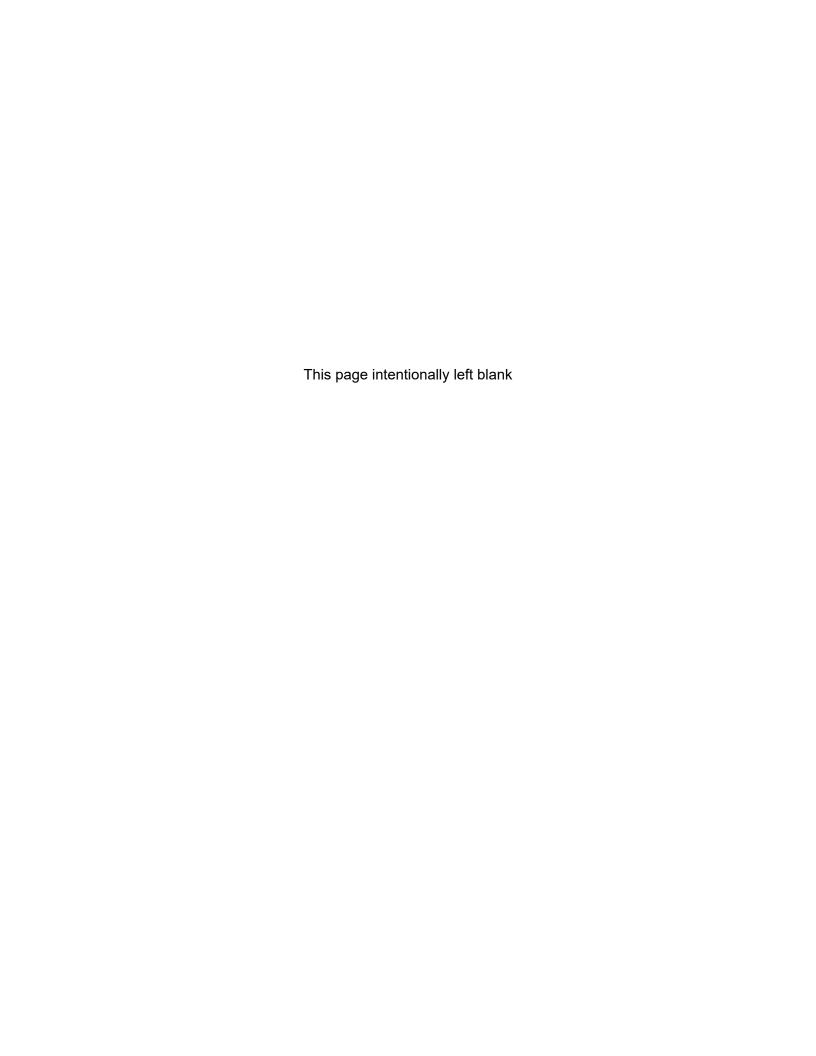
		tuarially termined	Relat Ac	ibutions in tion to the tuarially termined		ntribution eficiency	Covered mployee	Contributions as a Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)		Payroll	Covered Payroll	
6/30/2019	\$	9,000	\$	49,000	\$	(40,000)	\$ 655,692	1.37%	
6/30/2020		13,900		13,900		-	679,951	2.04%	
6/30/2021		15,087		15,087		-	689,246	2.19%	
6/30/2022		17,559		17,557		2	721,310	2.43%	
6/30/2023		22,902		22,902		-	682,867	3.35%	

Valuation date used	6/30/2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level % of payroll
Amortization period	20 years closed
Asset valuation method	Fair Value
Inflation	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend	
rates	4.80%
Salaryincreases	2.00%
Investment rate of return	6.76%
Mortality	Pub-2010 Public
	Retirement Plans
	Mortaltiy Tables

<sup>\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.



**OTHER INFORMATION** 



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – District Enterprise Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual	iance with al Budget
Operating Revenues							
Sales of water	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,700,614	\$ 200,614
Water service related fees		31,000		31,000		28,000	 (3,000)
Total operating revenues		2,531,000		2,531,000		2,728,614	 197,614
Operating Expenses							
Source of supply		45,713		45,713		23,667	(22,046)
Pumping		44,086		44,086		24,970	(19,116)
Water treatment		394,707		394,707		450,476	55,769
Transmission and distribution		366,396		366,396		476,905	110,509
Customer service		504,206		504,206		332,316	(171,890)
Regulatory compliance		308,236		308,236		276,293	(31,943)
Administration and general		304,994		304,994		386,355	81,361
Pension and OPEB		-		-		462,234	462,234
Depreciation and amortization				-		387,251	 387,251
Total operating expenses		1,968,338		1,968,338		2,820,467	 (852,129)
Operating income		562,662		562,662		(91,853)	 (654,515)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Grant income		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,201,900	(298,100)
Interest income		50,000		50,000		37,589	(12,411)
Property taxes		118,000		118,000		130,970	12,970
Capital facility fees		-		-		42,136	42,136
Interest expense		-		-		(27,624)	 (27,624)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		1,668,000		1,668,000		1,384,971	 (283,029)
Change in Net Position	\$	2,230,662	\$	2,230,662	\$	1,293,118	\$ (937,544)

Schedule of Operating Expenses – District Enterprise Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

Source of Supply Supervision and labor	\$ 14,399
Materials and supplies	646
Contracted services	410
Utilities	5,784
Other	 2,428
Total source of supply	 23,667
Pumping	
Supervision and labor	5,234
Materials and supplies	1,127
Maintenance	-
Power	11,970
Propane	 6,639
Total pumping	 24,970
Water Treatment	
Supervision and labor	312,113
Materials and supplies	14,686
Maintenance	6,831
Contract services	51,313
Chemical and Analysis	37,307
Power	22,844
Propane	5,073
Other	 309
Total water treatment	 450,476
Transmission and Distribution	
Supervision and labor	332,781
Materials and supplies	59,811
Maintenance	12,157
Contract services	46,001
Vehicle expenses	24,245
Propane	286
Utilities	1,590
Other	 34_
Total transmission and distribution	 476,905

Schedule of Operating Expenses – District Enterprise Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

Customer Service	
Supervision and labor	261,558
Materials and supplies	5,112
Maintenance	151
Vehicle expenses	6,530
Contract services	37,134
Power	952
Utilities	8,700
Other expenses	12,179
Total customer service	332,316
Regulatory Compliance	
Supervision and labor	60,288
Materials and supplies	1,115
Maintenance	2,685
Contract services	153,327
Restoration fee	22,776
Training and seminars	3,539
State Department of Health Services	15,252
Other expenses	17,311
Total regulatory compliance	276,293
Administrative and General	
Supervision and labor	148,072
Materials and supplies	5,775
Maintenance	15,976
Vehicle expenses	172
Contract services	79,014
Power	2,408
Propane Utilities	1,839 683
Insurance	102,183
Other expenses	30,233
Total administrative and general	386,355
Pension and OPEB	
Pension and OPEB	462,234
Total pension and OPEB	462,234
Total Operating Expenses Before Depreciation and Amortization	2,433,216
Depreciation and amortization	387,251
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 2,820,467

Debt Covenant Ratio For the year ended June 30, 2023

Total operating revenues	\$ 2,728,614
Total outstanding debt	812,179
Revenue to outstanding debt ratio	336%