AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



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### **DISTRICT OFFICIALS**

### DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

•	Helen Rogers West	President
•	Tamra West	Vice President
•	Linda Cholcher	Treasurer
•	Neil Cochran	Director
	Sherry Wicks	Director

### OTHER DISTRICT OFFICALS

•	Henry White	General Manager
•	Roger Carroll	Finance Manager



### **BOLER & ASSOCIATES**

PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
750 F STREET 

DAVIS, CA 95616

(530) 756-1735

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Foresthill Public Utility District Foresthill, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of Foresthill Public Utility District, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Foresthill Public Utility District, as of June 30, 2016, and, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the Foresthill Public Utility District for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

As described in Note A to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective years beginning after June 15, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 and schedules related to the unfunded pension liability on pages 46 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Foresthill Public Utility District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual and Schedule of Operating Expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual and Schedule of Operating Expenses are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual and Schedule of Operating Expenses are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2016, on our consideration of the Foresthill Public Utility District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Foresthill Public Utility District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 14, 2016

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This section of the Foresthill Public Utility District (District) annual financial report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section and with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's Net Position increased 18.44% or \$994,767 to \$6.39 million in fiscal year 2016.
- In 2016, the District's total operating revenues increased 6.78% or \$144,139 from the prior year.
- In 2016, the District's operating expenses before depreciation increased by 3.71% or \$43,423 over the prior year.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of this report consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section);
- Basic Financial Statements:
  - o Government-Wide Financial Statements;
  - Fund Financial Statements; and
  - Notes to Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Information
- Other reports

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (pages 12-13) presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial improvement or deterioration.

The Statement of Activities (pages 14-15) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the past year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (accrual basis of accounting). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue – "governmental activities" from other functions that

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges – "business-type activities." The government activities of the Foresthill Public Utility District includes debt service for the improvement bonds. The business-type activity of the District's is the water system.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A "fund" is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Foresthill Public Utility District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Foresthill Public Utility District can be divided into two categories:

- Governmental Funds; and
- Proprietary Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike those statements, the focus in these statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District has only one governmental fund: Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the District charges customers. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund, as described below.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for water operations.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-48 of this report.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The required supplementary information regarding the funding progress of the District's pension plan can be found starting on page 46 of this report.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

These schedules are for additional analyses for the District Enterprise Fund and can be found beginning on page 49.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### ANALYSIS OF NET POSITION

With the consolidation of government-wide net position into one statement and other changes such as the exclusion of fiduciary funds, net position may now serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6.39 million.

The Summary of Net Position is as follows:

TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			TOTALS						
	2016		2015			2016		2015		2016		2015
ASSETS:												
Current assets	\$ 42,	649	\$ 48,90	)2	\$ 1	,867,507	\$ 2	,219,783	\$	1,910,156	\$	2,268,685
Other noncurrent assets	2,545,	659	2,579,35	53	1	,769,286	1	,003,581		4,314,945		3,582,934
Capital assets, net		<u>-</u>	_			7,166,379	6	,769,962		7,166,379		6,769,962
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,588,	308	\$ 2,628,25	55_	\$10	),803,172	\$ 9	,993,326	\$	13,391,480	\$	12,621,581
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS:</b>												
Pension payments	\$	- :	\$ -	_	\$	212,563	\$	98,421	\$	212,563	\$	98,421
LIABILITIES:												
Liabilities due after one year	\$ 2,504,	700	\$ 2,575,30	00	\$ 1	,969,540	\$ 2	,049,134	\$	4,474,240	\$	4,624,434
Other liabilities	110,	570	108,70	51_		367,702		363,093		478,272		471,854
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,615,	270	\$ 2,684,0	51	\$ 2	2,337,242	\$ 2	,412,227	\$	4,952,512	\$	5,096,288
DEFERRED INFLOWS:												
Pension receipts	\$	- ;	\$ -		\$	167,401	\$	94,549	\$	167,401	\$	94,549
Special assessments												
to be collected	2,096,	073	2,135,8	75_						2,096,073		2,135,875
TOTAL DEFERRED	\$ 2,096,	073	\$ 2,135,8	75	\$	167,401	\$	94,549	\$	2,263,474	\$	2,230,424
NET POSITION:												
Investment in capital assets	\$	-	\$ -		\$ 5	5,079,668	\$ 4	,604,711	\$	5,079,668	\$	4,604,711
Restricted		-	-		]	,562,961		680,444		1,562,961		680,444
Unrestricted	(2,123,	035)	(2,191,68	81)		,868,463	2	,299,816		(254,572)		108,135
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (2,123,	035)	\$(2,191,68	81)	\$ 8	3,511,092	\$ 7	,584,971	\$	6,388,057	\$	5,393,290

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

- Total Net Position increased by \$994,767 from 2015 to 2016.
- \$5.08 million (79.52%) in net capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, other improvements, construction in progress and equipment), less any outstanding related debt used to acquire these assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.
- \$1.56 million (24.47%) in net position are earmarked and represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The increase in this figure from 2015 to 2016 can be found in the Restricted Net position in the Business-type Activities.
- The remaining unrestricted net deficit is \$(254,572).

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

The following table reflects the change in net position for Governmental and Business-Type Activities:

TABLE 2
CHANGE IN NET POSITION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	Gov	ernmer	ital Act	tivities	Business-ty	pe Activities	тот	ALS
	2	016		2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
PROGRAM REVENUES:								
Sales of water	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,518,548	\$ 1,412,831	\$ 1,518,548	\$ 1,412,831
Sugar Pine surcharge		-		-	212,320	208,170	212,320	208,170
Rehabilitation and								
system surcharges		-		-	464,710	425,001	464,710	425,001
Water service related fees		-		-	24,789	14,609	24,789	14,609
Other income		-		-	49,157	64,774	49,157	64,774
TOTAL		-		-	2,269,524	2,125,385	2,269,524	2,125,385
PROGRAM EXPENSES:								
Source of supply		-		-	36,593	51,228	36,593	51,228
Pumping		-		-	21,245	18,350	21,245	18,350
Water treatment		-		-	190,484	162,929	190,484	162,929
Transmission and distribution		-		-	297,679	240,430	297,679	240,430
Customer service		-		-	350,670	262,432	350,670	262,432
Regulatory compliance		-		-	139,076	170,929	139,076	170,929
Administration and general		-		-	177,322	263,348	177,322	263,348
Depreciation and amortization		-		-	271,542	264,957	271,542	264,957
TOTAL		-		-	1,484,611	1,434,603	1,484,611	1,434,603

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	TOTALS	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
(EXPENSES):						
Interest income	5,439	4,571	39,066	8,308	44,505	12,879
Transfer of surplus water	-	-	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Assessments received	84,527	86,865	-	-	84,527	86,865
Grant income	-	-	20,000	-	20,000	-
Property taxes	-	-	84,600	77,187	84,600	77,187
Capital facility fees	-	-	115,874	52,670	115,874	52,670
Interest expense	(123,820)	(127,776)	(56,117)	(173,076)	(179,937)	(300,852)
Other revenue	2,500	-	-	-	2,500	-
TOTAL	(31,354)	(36,340)	203,423	965,089	172,069	928,749
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(31,354)	(36,340)	988,336	1,655,871	956,982	1,619,531
TRANSFERS Transfers in (out)	100,000	100,000	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	-
CONTRIBUTIONS:  Donation of capital improvement		<u> </u>	37,785		37,785	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	68,646	63,660	926,121	1,555,871	994,767	1,619,531
Net position, July 1	(2,191,681)	(2,255,341)	7,584,971	6,029,100	5,393,290	3,773,759
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ (2,123,035)	\$(2,191,681)	\$ 8,511,092	\$ 7,584,971	\$ 6,388,057	\$ 5,393,290

Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities increased the District's net position by \$68,646 and \$926,121, respectively.

### REVENUES

The Governmental Activities total revenues and transfers were \$192,466 and Business-Type Activity revenues were \$2.53 million for the year ended June 30, 2016. This represented a total decrease of \$733,456 from 2015. During the prior fiscal year, the District made a one-time transfer of 2,000 acre feet of surplus water to another district in California at \$500 per acre foot, for a gross transfer price of \$1,000,000. There were no water transfers in the current fiscal year.

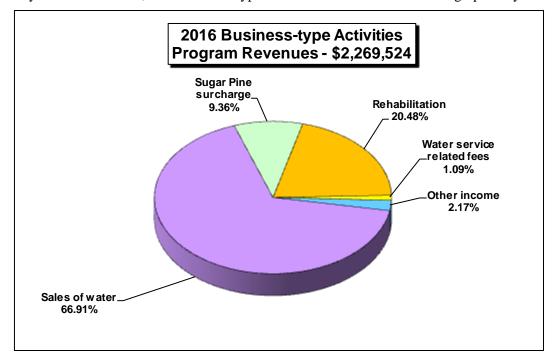
Program revenues include charges for services and grants and contributions. Program revenues provided approximately \$2.27 million for business-type activities.

General revenues include, among other things, taxes, assessments and intergovernmental revenues. General revenues provided \$352,006 (13.43% of total revenues). The majority of general revenues came from property taxes, interest income, assessments, and capital facility fees.

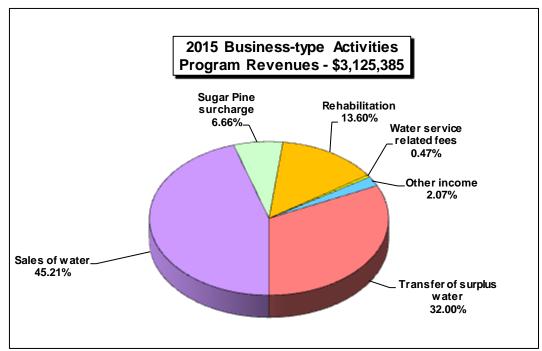
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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The fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 business-type activities revenues are reflected graphically as follows:



The fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 business-type activities revenues are reflected graphically as follows:

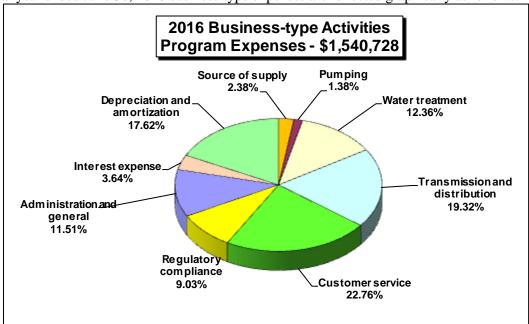


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

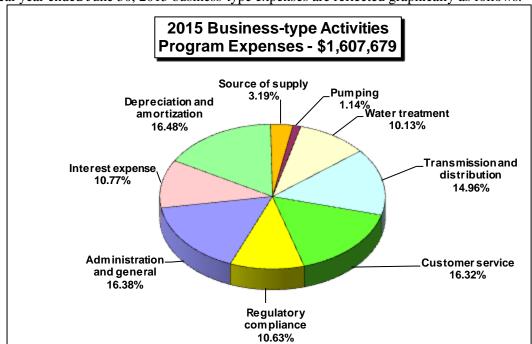
#### **EXPENSES**

Expenses for the District totaled \$1.66 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Governmental activities incurred \$123,820 in expenses and business-type activities incurred \$1.54 million in expenses during the year. Business-type activities expenses were 147.30% funded by program revenues.

The fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 business-type expenses are reflected graphically as follows:



The fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 business-type expenses are reflected graphically as follows:



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The Foresthill Public Utility District uses fund accounting to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance-related legal compliance.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the District's government funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources that are available to provide services and capital project construction. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net spendable resources.

At the end of FY 2015-16, the District's governmental fund reported committed fund balance of \$452,265.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets are reported as follows:

TABLE 3
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF DEPRECIATION
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
AS OF JUNE 30

	 2016	 2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
Land and land rights	\$ 36,568	\$ 36,568
Construction in progress	159,131	21,252
Intangible assets - water rights	473,937	 130,730
	 669,636	188,550
Depreciable capital assets:		
Source of supply	1,940,355	1,994,791
Pumping plant	8,948	9,292
Water treatment plant	422,875	440,749
Transmission and distribution	4,054,447	4,062,018
General plant	 70,118	 74,562
	 6,496,743	 6,581,412
TOTAL	\$ 7,166,379	\$ 6,769,962

The District's investment in capital assets, before the related debt, for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, was \$7.17 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, and equipment. The District's investment in capital assets, before the related debt, had a net increase for FY 2015-16 of \$474,957.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets are depreciated from the acquisition date over their useful lives on a straight-line basis.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At the end of FY 2015-16, the District had long-term liabilities of \$2.58 million and \$1.77 million for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Additional information about the District's long-term obligations can be found in Notes 5 and 6 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

TABLE 3
OUTSTANDING DEBT
AS OF JUNE 30

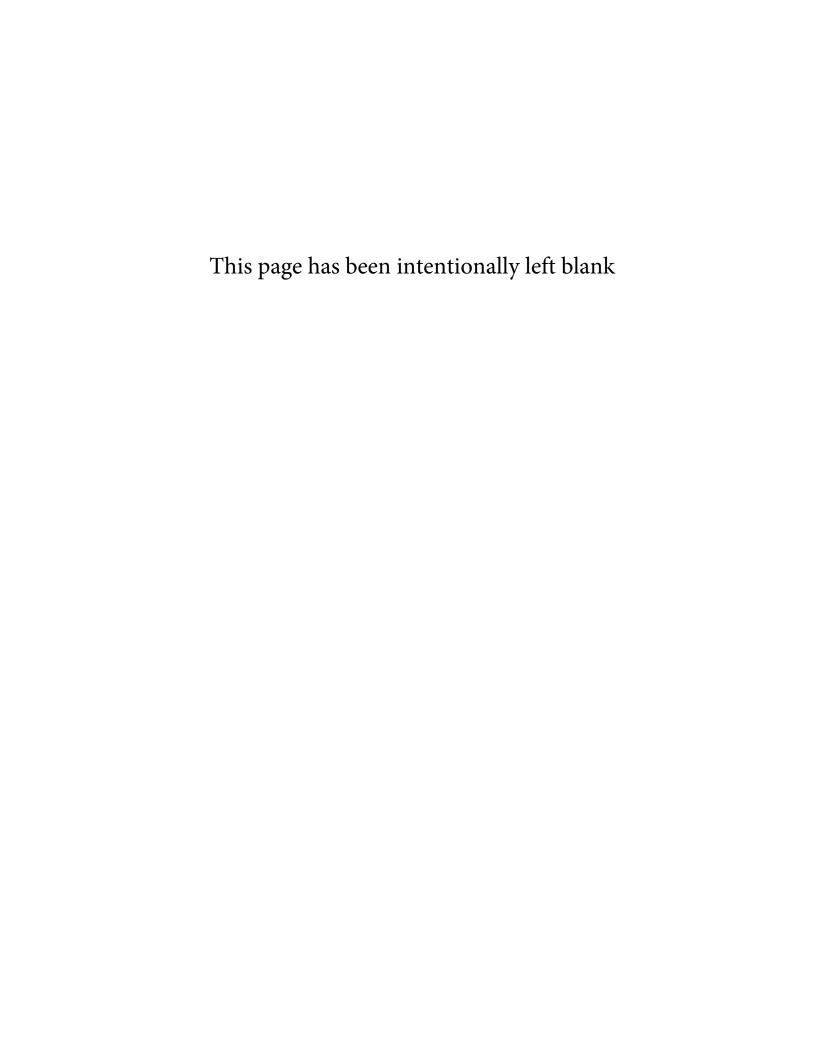
	2016	2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:		
ASSESSMENT DISTRICT NO. 2:		
1997 Improvement bonds	\$ 1,021,700	\$ 1,049,400
1998 Improvement bonds	1,553,600	1,593,300
TOTAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT	2,575,300	2,642,700
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:		
FORESTHILL PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT:		
2014 Water loan agreement	\$ 1,836,533	\$ 1,950,296
Less: Unamortized cost of issuance	(62,410)	(67,611)
Obligations under capital lease	405	2,761
TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT	1,774,528	1,885,446
TOTAL DEBT	\$ 4,349,828	\$ 4,528,146

### **GOING FORWARD**

The District is heading into its third year of a five year rate increase. With this revenue stability, combined with the administration's continuing frugality, the District sees good prospects for the future. Two major multi-year projects were started during 2014-15 that will continue during the coming year. First, the District is pursuing an extension on its water rights for the Sugar Pine reservoir. Accomplishing this will guarantee that the District's consumers will have access to sufficient water for many years to come. Second, the District is in the construction phase of a new water storage tank and expects to complete construction during the new fiscal year.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the District's funding sources, customers, stakeholders and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the District at 24540 Main Street, Foresthill, CA or call (530) 367-2511.



### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	Governmental	Business-type	TOTALS		
	Activities	Activities	2016	2015	
ASSETS:					
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 1,555,870	\$ 1,555,870	\$ 1,055,170	
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable, net	-	219,438	219,438	189,922	
Due from other governments	-	-	-	900,000	
Interest receivable	-	7,792	7,792	4,568	
Prepaid expenses	-	73,999	73,999	56,299	
Internal balances	42,649	(42,649)	-	-	
Inventory - materials and supplies		53,057	53,057	62,726	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	42,649	1,867,507	1,910,156	2,268,685	
NONCURRENT ASSETS:					
Capital assets, net:					
Nondepreciable	-	669,637	669,637	188,550	
Depreciable, net		6,496,742	6,496,742	6,581,412	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		7,166,379	7,166,379	6,769,962	
OTHER ASSETS:					
Assessments receivable	2,096,073	-	2,096,073	2,135,875	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	449,586	1,769,286	2,218,872	1,447,059	
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	2,545,659	1,769,286	4,314,945	3,582,934	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,588,308	\$10,803,172	\$ 13,391,480	\$ 12,621,581	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Pension payments	\$ -	\$ 212,563	\$ 212,563	\$ 98,421	

	Governmental	Business-type	тот	TALS
	Activities	Activities	2016	2015
LIADIT MINEC.				
LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 59,752	\$ 59,752	\$ 68,917
Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities	Ф -	11,793	11,793	31,949
Customer deposits	-	34,142	34,142	30,568
Interest payable	39.970	9,309	49,279	51,915
Compensated absences payable	39,970	68,646	68,646	45,902
Other post-employment benefits payable	-	66,889	66,889	59,086
Obligation under capital lease,	-	00,009	00,009	39,000
due within one year	_	405	405	2,354
Long-term debt, due within one year	70,600	116,766	187,366	181,163
Long-term deot, due within one year	70,000	110,700	167,500	101,103
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	110,570	367,702	478,272	471,854
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES, due after one year				
Net pension liability	-	312,183	312,183	279,805
Obligation under capital lease	-	-	-	407
Long-term debt, net of unamortized issuance	2 70 / 700	4	4.4.50.0.55	
costs and premiums	2,504,700	1,657,357	4,162,057	4,344,222
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	2,504,700	1,969,540	4,474,240	4,624,434
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,615,270	\$ 2,337,242	\$ 4,952,512	\$ 5,096,288
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	Φ.	<b>.</b>	<b>4.55.404</b>	<b>.</b>
Pension receipts	\$ -	\$ 167,401	\$ 167,401	\$ 94,549
Special assessments to be collected	2,096,073		2,096,073	2,135,875
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	2,096,073	167,401	2,263,474	2,230,424
NET POSITION:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ -	\$ 5,079,668	\$ 5,079,668	\$ 4,604,711
Restricted for:	Ψ -	Ψ 3,072,000	Ψ 3,072,000	Ψ 7,007,711
Capital reserve	_	269,904	269,904	322,574
Repairs and replacement reserve	_	1,293,057	1,293,057	410,540
Unrestricted	(2,123,035)	1,868,463	(254,572)	55,465
C. moduloud	(2,123,033)	1,000,100	(23 1,3 /2)	55,105
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (2,123,035)	\$ 8,511,092	\$ 6,388,057	\$ 5,393,290

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 WITH COMPARTIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		F	Program Revenues  Grants and other contributions			
Functions/Programs	Operating	Charges for				
	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
Interest on long-term debt	\$ 123,820	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Water utility services and delivery	1,484,611	2,269,524	-	20,000		
Interest on long-term debt	56,117		-			
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,540,728	2,269,524		20,000		
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 1,664,548	\$ 2,269,524	\$ -	\$ 20,000		

### **GENERAL REVENUES:**

Property taxes
Transfer of surplus water
Interest income
Assessments received
Capital facility fees
Other revenue

### TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

## EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS

TRANSFERS IN (OUT)

### **CONTRIBUTIONS:**

Donation of capital improvement

### **CHANGE IN NET POSITION**

Net position, July 1

**NET POSITION, JUNE 30** 

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position				
Governmental		Business-type	TOT	
A	ctivities	Activities	2016	2015
\$	(123,820)	\$ -	\$ (123,820)	\$ (127,776)
	- -	804,913 (56,117)	804,913 (56,117)	690,782 (173,076)
		748,796	748,796	517,706
\$	(123,820)	\$ 748,796	\$ 624,976	\$ 389,930
	5,439 84,527 - 2,500 92,466 (31,354) 100,000	84,600 - 39,066 - 115,874 - 239,540 988,336 (100,000)	84,600 - 44,505 84,527 115,874 2,500 332,006	77,187 1,000,000 12,879 86,865 52,670 1,229,601 1,619,531
	-	37,785	37,785	
	68,646	926,121	994,767	1,619,531
	2,191,681)	7,584,971	5,393,290	3,773,759
\$ (	2,123,035)	\$ 8,511,092	\$ 6,388,057	\$ 5,393,290

### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND ASSESSMENT DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 449,586	\$ 443,478
Interest receivable	-	668
Due from other funds	42,649	48,234
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 492,235	\$ 492,380
LIABILITIES		
Interest payable	\$ 39,970	\$ 41,361
FUND BALANCES		
Committed for debt service	452,265	451,019
	\$ 492,235	\$ 492,380

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 452,265	\$ 451,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Long-term amounts not due and available in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:		
Assessments receivable	2,096,073	2,135,875
Deferred revenues	(2,096,073)	(2,135,875)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:		
Bonds payable	(2,575,300)	(2,642,700)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (2,123,035)	\$ (2,191,681)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND ASSESSMENT DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
REVENUES:		
Interest income	\$ 5,440	4,571
Assessments revenue	84,527	86,865
Other revenues	2,500	
TOTAL REVENUES	92,467	91,436
EXPENDITURES:		
Debt services:		
Interest expense	123,821	127,776
Principal payments	67,400	64,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	191,221	192,076
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(98,754)	(100,640)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:		
Transfers in	100,000	100,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	100,000	100,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,246	(640)
FUND BALANCES, July 1	451,019	451,659
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 452,265	\$ 451,019

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	 2016	2015
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,246	(640)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities:		
Repayment of principal	67,400	64,300
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 68,646	\$ 63,660

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
AGGERTG		
ASSETS:		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,555,870	\$ 1,055,170
Receivables:		
Accounts receivable, net	219,438	189,922
Due from other governments	-	900,000
Interest receivable	7,792	3,900
Prepaid expenses	73,999	56,299
Inventory - materials and supplies	53,057	62,726
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,910,156	2,268,017
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Capital assets, net:		
Nondepreciable	669,637	188,550
Depreciable, net	6,496,742	6,581,412
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	7,166,379	6,769,962
OTHER ASSETS:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,769,286	1,003,581
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension payments	212,563	98,421
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,058,384	\$ 10,139,981

	2016	2015
LIABILITIES:		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 59,752	\$ 68,917
Accrued payroll liabilities	11,793	31,949
Customer deposits	34,142	30,568
Interest payable	9,309	10,554
Due to other funds	42,649	48,234
Compensated absences payable	68,646	45,902
Other post-employment benefits payable	66,889	59,086
Obligation under capital lease, due within one year	405	2,354
Long-term debt, due within one year	116,766	113,763
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	410,351	411,327
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES, due after one year		
Net pension liability	312,183	279,805
Obligation under capital lease	-	407
Long-term debt, net of unamortized issuance costs and premiums	1,657,357	1,768,922
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,969,540	2,049,134
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension receipts	167,401	94,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,547,292	\$ 2,555,010
NET POSITION:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 5,079,668	\$ 4,604,711
Restricted for:		
Capital reserve	269,904	322,574
Repairs and replacement reserve	1,293,057	410,540
Certificates of participation reserve	=	=
Unrestricted	1,868,463	2,247,146
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 8,511,092	\$ 7,584,971

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Sales of water	\$ 1,518,548	\$ 1,412,831
Sugar Pine surcharge	212,320	208,170
Rehabilitation and system surcharges	464,710	425,001
Water service related fees	24,789	14,609
Other income	49,157	64,774
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,269,524	2,125,385
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Source of supply	36,593	51,228
Pumping	21,245	18,350
Water treatment	190,484	162,929
Transmission and distribution	297,679	240,430
Customer service	350,670	262,432
Regulatory compliance	139,076	170,929
Administration and general	177,322	263,348
Depreciation and amortization	271,542	264,957
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,484,611	1,434,603
OPERATING INCOME	784,913	690,782
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income	39,066	8,308
Transfer of surplus water	, =	1,000,000
Donation of capital improvement	37,785	, , , , <u>-</u>
Grant income	20,000	-
Property taxes	84,600	77,187
Capital facility fees	115,874	52,670
Interest expense	(56,117)	(173,076)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	241,208	965,089
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,026,121	1,655,871
TD A NCCEDC.		
TRANSFERS: Transfer out	(100,000)	(100,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	926,121	1,555,871
NET POSITION, JULY 1	7,584,971	6,029,100
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 8,511,092	7,584,971

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 3,143,582	\$ 2,237,294
Cash paid to suppliers	(364,227)	(420,220)
Cash paid to suppliers  Cash paid to employees and related benefits	(855,647)	(708,087)
Interfund borrowings	(5,585)	(6,218)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,918,123	1,102,769
THE CHAIL THE PT OF EACH THE CONTROL OF THE CHAIL THE CH	1,510,123	1,102,709
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets	(662,758)	(162,949)
Interest paid	(57,362)	(185,953)
Proceeds from long-term borrowing	-	2,081,149
Payments on obligations under capital lease	(2,355)	(2,217)
Payments on long-term debt	(113,763)	(2,325,853)
Donation of capital improvement	37,785	-
Prior bond premiums written off	-	(11,812)
Prior bond costs written off	-	113,398
Cost of issuance on new debt		(72,812)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(798,453)	(567,049)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Grant income received	20,000	-
Increase in deferred outflows for pension payments	(114,142)	(98,421)
Increase in deferred inflows for pension receipts	72,852	94,549
Increase in net pension liability	32,377	(98,951)
Property tax receipts	84,600	77,187
Receipts from capital facility fees	115,874	52,670
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)
	<u> </u>	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	111,561	(72,966)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	35,174	4,919
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,266,405	467,673
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	2,058,751	1,591,078
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$ 3,325,156	\$ 2,058,751
RECONCILATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,555,870	\$ 1,055,170
Restricted cash with fiscal agent	1,769,286	1,003,581
restricted cush with lisear agent	1,707,200	1,003,301
	\$ 3,325,156	\$ 2,058,751

	 2016	2015
Reconciliation of operating income from operations to cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 784,913	\$ 1,690,782
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	271,542	264,957
(Increase) decrease in assets:	,	,
Accounts receivable	(29,516)	8,497
Due from other governments	900,000	(900,000)
Inventory	9,669	5,353
Prepaid costs	(17,700)	(7,371)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	(9,165)	46,351
Retainage payable	_	(28,984)
Accrued salaries	(20,156)	31,949
Deposits payable	3,574	3,412
Accrued expenses	-	(1,497)
Compensated absences	22,744	(2,893)
Due to other funds	(5,585)	(6,218)
Other post-employment benefits payable	 7,803	(1,569)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,918,123	\$ 1,102,769

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Foresthill Public Utility District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body of establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As allowed by the GASB, the District has elected to apply to its proprietary activities Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedures issued after November 30, 1989 where not in conflict with GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

### A. The Reporting Entity

The Foresthill Public Utility District (the District) was formed in 1950 and operates under The Public Utility District Act. The Act confers upon the District the rights and powers to fix rates and charges for commodities or services furnished, to incur indebtedness and issue bonds or other obligations and, under certain circumstances, to levy and collect ad valorem property taxes. The District is governed by a five member Board of Directors elected by the voters within the District.

### B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

Separate financial statements are provided for the Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service governmental fund and District Enterprise proprietary fund.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of most business-type activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Grant revenue is recognized when program expenditures and incurred in accordance with program guidelines. When such funds are received they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned. Earned but unbilled water services are accrued as revenue.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met.

<u>Basis of Presentation-Fund Financial Statements</u>: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions or limitations. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following governmental fund:

<u>Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund</u> – To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the Assessment District No. 2 bonds.

The District reports the following enterprise fund:

District Enterprise Fund – The District Enterprise Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenses for operation maintenance and capital improvement funding of the Foresthill Public Utility District facilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### C. <u>Property Taxes</u>

The District receives property taxes from Placer County. Property taxes receivable are recorded in the fiscal year for which the tax is levied based on the property's assessed value. They become a lien on the first day of the year they are levied. Secured property tax is levied on July 1 and due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are due on July 1, and become delinquent on August 31. The District elected to receive the property taxes from the County under the Teeter Bill Program. Under this program, the District receives 100% of the levied property taxes in periodic payments, with the County assuming responsibility for delinquencies.

### D. Inventories

Inventories have been valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories consist of materials and supplies.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, including restrict assets, along with all pooled deposits and investments in the Local Agency Investment Fund, which are available upon demand.

### F. <u>Investments</u>

Investments, including LAIF, are stated at fair value, which represents the quoted or stated market value. Investments that are not traded on a market, such as investments in external pools, are valued based on stated fair value as represented by the external pool. Investments are within the State statutes and the District's investment policy.

### G. Receivables and Payables

Property and utility user taxes related to the current fiscal year are accrued as revenue and accounts receivable and are considered available if received within 60 days of year end. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of Net Position. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis is limited to the amount that is deemed measurable and collectible.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The District's estimates the amount of uncollectible receivables based on prior experience and history. At June 30, 2016, the allowance for doubtful accounts were as follows:

	Accounts receivable	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Accounts receivable, net
District Enterprise Fund	\$ 226,530	\$ (7,092)	\$ 219,438

### H. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include land, ponds, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the applicable business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. For certain assets, estimated historical costs are used.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets that range from five to forty years.

It is the District's policy to capitalize all land and equipment with a cost of \$2,500 or more. Costs of assets sold or retired (and related amounts of accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss is included in the operating statement of the related fund. In governmental funds, the sale of general capital assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as proceeds from sale.

### I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and comp time that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources is reported as a current liability. Accumulated sick leave is vested upon age sixty.

#### J. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Directors annually adopts an operating budget. The operating budgets are prepared on the accrual basis to match the operating statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### K. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's long-term debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the bond's debt service.

### L. Deferred and Unearned Revenues

Deferred revenues in governmental funds arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them (i.e., when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures).

### M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### N. <u>Long-term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-activities, or proprietary fund type statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and are amortized over the life of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### O. <u>Net Position</u>

The government-wide financial statements utilize a Net Position presentation. Net Position are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt — This category groups all capital assets into one component of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position — This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2016, the Restricted Net Position consisted of the following:

Fund Type	Amount	Action
District Enterprise Fund: Capital reserve Repairs and replacement reserve	\$ 269,904 1,293,057	Imposed by board designation Imposed by board designation
TOTAL RESTRICTED	\$ 1,562,961	

Unrestricted Net Position — This category represents Net Position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the government-wide financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### P. Fund Equity

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies its governmental fund balance as follows:

• Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

The committed fund balance is comprised of the following:

Fund Type	Amount	Action
Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund: Committed for debt service	\$ 452,265	Imposed by bond indenture

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District uses restricted or committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

#### Q. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

New Accounting Pronouncements: GASB Statement No. 72 – In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement requires disclosures about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. These disclosures are organized by type of asset or liability reported at fair value. It also requires additional disclosures regarding investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent). The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. See Note 2 for more information.

#### R. Reclassifications

Certain amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. Such reclassifications did not affect the reported overall balances.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### Investments

California statutes authorizes the District to invest in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code Section 53600, Chapter 4 - Financial Affairs. The Government Code allows investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's or P-1 by Moody's, bankers acceptance, repurchase agreements, medium-term corporate notes, mutual funds and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF).

Cash and investments at June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	TOTALS
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ - 449,586	\$ 1,555,870 1,769,286	\$ 1,555,870 2,218,872
TOTAL CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 449,586	\$ 3,325,156	\$ 3,774,742

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Cash and investments at fair value at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

	2	016		2015
Cash on hand	\$	250	\$	250
Clearing account		-		-
Cash pooled with other government	4	449,586		443,478
Deposits with financial institutions		100,328		66,668
Add: expenses dated subsequent to year end		17,820		-
Less: outstanding checks		(4,709)		(14,212)
TOTAL CASH AND DEPOSITS	:	563,275		496,184
Investments with the Local Agency Investment Fund	1,4	442,181	1	,002,464
Restricted with fiscal agent	1,	769,286	1	,003,581
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	3,	211,467	2	2,006,045
TOTAL CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 3,	774,742	\$ 2	2,502,229

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below are the District's investment policy and actual ratings of the investments as of June 30, 2016:

			Type of Inv	estment			
	Local agency		Taxable			Certificates	
Credit	investment	Municipal	Municipal	Foreign	Corporate	of	
risk	fund	obligations	obligations	Bonds	Bonds	Deposit	Total
<b>A</b> 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,757	\$ -	\$ 25,757
A2	-	-	26,479	-	77,213	-	103,692
A3	-	-	25,678	-	25,475	-	51,153
AA2		-	-	25,480	25,846	-	51,326
AA3	-	21,515	257,221	-	-	-	278,736
No rating	1,442,181					757,459	2,199,640
	\$ 1,442,181	\$ 21,515	\$ 309,378	\$ 25,480	\$ 154,291	\$ 757,459	\$ 2,710,304

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District limits the amount that can be invested in any one issuer to the lesser of the amount stipulated by the California Government Code or 50% of total investments, with the exception of U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency Securities and LAIF. As of June 30, 2016, the District had no individual investment that exceeded 5% of its total investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or for amounts held with fiscal agents, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party such as a broker-dealer. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in and undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the local amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$113,439 and the balances in financial institutions were \$100,328. Of the balance in financial institutions, the entire was covered by federal depository insurance. The cash pooled with the county totaled \$449,586.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

	Remaing maturity (in months)								
	Total	12 months Total or less		24-36 months	36-48 months	48-60 months			
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 1,442,181	\$ 1,442,181	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -			
Held in brokerage account:									
Municipal bonds	21,515	-	-	-	21,515	-			
Taxable municipal bonds	309,377	-	26,479	110,627	119,912	52,359			
Foreign bonds	25,480	-	-	-	25,480	-			
Corporate bonds	154,291	-	-		51,383	102,908			
Certificates of deposit	757,460	200,102	201,970	-	101,989	253,399			
TOTAL	\$ 2,710,304	\$ 1,642,283	\$ 228,449	\$110,627	\$ 320,279	\$ 408,666			

#### Investments by Fair Value Level

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, the District's investments in its brokerage account are categorized into the following fair value categories:

- Level 1 inputs quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the District can access at the year end.
- Level 2 inputs Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

## **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Fair value can be determined using the market approach, cost approach, and income approach. The District's brokerage investments are valued with the market approach by using the available quoted market prices at year end.

	Fair Value Measurements Using						ng	
	Balance as of June 30, 2016		Quoted prices in active mar- kets for iden- ticle assets (Level 1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significan unobserv able input (Level 3)	
Securities:								
Local agency investment fund	\$	1,442,181	\$	1,442,181	\$	-	\$	-
Municipal bonds		21,515		21,515		-		-
Taxable municipal bonds		309,377		309,377		-		-
Foreign bonds		25,480		25,480		-		-
Corporate bonds		154,291		154,291		-		-
Certificates of deposit		757,460		757,460				
TOTAL INVESTMENTS BY								
FAIR VALUE LEVEL	\$	2,710,304	\$	2,710,304	\$	_	\$	-

#### Investment in LAIF

The District maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), managed by the State Treasurer. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California Government Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute.

LAIF is stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. The total fair value amount at June 30, 2016 invested by all public agencies in LAIF is \$75,442,588,513 managed by the State Treasurer. The investments are as follows:

	As a percent of portfolio
Structured notes and medium-	
term asset backed securities	1.55%
Short-term asset-backed commercial paper	1.26%
All other investments	97.19%
	100.00%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Copies of LAIF's annual financial report and other information may be obtained from LAIF at 915 Capitol Mall, Room 110, Sacramento, CA 95814 or at its website www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia-laif/. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2016, the District had set aside the following for special purposes:

Board designated:

Capital reserve \$ 269,904 Repair and replacement reserve 1,293,057

\$ 1,562,961

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#### **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

The changes in capital assets for the business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

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	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 36,568	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,568
Construction in progress	21,252	118,185	-	139,437
Intangible assets	130,730	362,901		493,631
	188,550	481,086	_	669,636
Depreciable capital assets:				
Source of supply	2,722,497	-	-	2,722,497
Pumping plant	31,286	-	-	31,286
Water treatment	1,484,183	5,030	-	1,489,213
Transmission and distribution	7,970,321	170,359	-	8,140,680
General plant	470,636	6,283		476,919
	12,678,923	181,672		12,860,595
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Source of supply	(727,706)	(54,436)	-	(782,142)
Pumping plant	(21,994)	(344)	-	(22,338)
Water treatment	(1,043,434)	(22,905)	-	(1,066,339)
Transmission and distribution	(3,908,303)	(177,930)	-	(4,086,233)
General plant	(396,074)	(10,726)		(406,800)
	(6,097,511)	(266,341)	_	(6,363,852)
CAPITAL ASSEIS, NET	\$ 6,769,962	\$ 396,417	\$ -	\$ 7,166,379

No interest was capitalized into the costs of the additions for the current fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 4 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The District provides vacation time which accrues based upon years of service. Vacation is paid for accumulated time upon termination subject to an accumulated maximum of 2 years accrual.

		Years of service	•
	0-4	5-14	>14
Vacation time	10 days	15 days	20 days

The District also provides sick time to employees which accrue at a rate of one day per month with a maximum accrual of 80 days. Sick time may be bought back upon retirement after age 60 based upon a years of service tier schedule.

#### **NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

The long-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Current
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2016	portion
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fun	<u>d:</u>				
1997 Improvement Bonds	\$ 1,049,400	\$ -	\$ (27,700)	\$ 1,021,700	\$ 29,000
1998 Improvement Bonds	1,593,300		(39,700)	1,553,600	41,600
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	2,642,700		(67,400)	2,575,300	70,600
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
District Enterprise Fund:					
2014 Water loan agreement	1,950,296	-	(113,763)	1,836,533	116,766
Add: Unamortized cost of issuance	(67,611)		5,201	(62,410)	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE	1,882,685		(108,562)	1,774,123	116,766
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ 4,525,385	\$ -	\$ (175,962)	\$ 4,349,423	\$ 187,366

On February 28, 1996 the District adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance of improvement bonds pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915. The proceeds of such bonds is to be used to finance the construction of public improvements under the Municipal Improvement Act of 1913. The improvements consisted of two phases – Phase 1 Pipeline Relocation Project and Phase 2 Water System Rehabilitation Project.

#### Governmental activities:

\$1,364,150 Improvement Bonds – Series 1997: On July 23, 1997 the District issued an improvement bond (Series 1997) for \$1,364,150 to the United States of America Rural Development, United States Department of Agriculture. Principal payments ranging from \$12,350 to \$75,000 are due annually beginning September 2, 1998 through 2036 with interest at 4.875% per annum, payable semi-annually on March 2 and September 2.

\$1,021,700

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

\$2,031,318 Improvement Bonds — Series 1998: On June 2, 1998 the District issued an improvement bond (Series 1998) for \$2,031,318 to the United States of America Rural Development, United States Department of Agriculture. Principal payments ranging from \$19,118 to \$100,100 are due annually beginning September 2, 1999 through 2037 with interest at 4.75% per annum payable, semi-annually on March 2 and September 2.

1,553,600

#### **Business-type activities:**

\$2.081,149 Water Loan: Dated August 1, 2014 to repay the Series 2003QQ, Certificates of Participation that were issued on October 30, 2003 for the finance of the acquisition of water facilities, improvement, and water rights. The note is secured by a pledge the net revenues of the District's. Interest rate accrues at 3.25% per annum with semi-annual principal payments from \$56,881 to \$168,516 through November 1, 2028. The District maintains a Trustee reserve fund equal to the maximum annual installment payable. Interest and principal are payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year.

1,836,533

The future annual maturities of long-term borrowings as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Gove	rnmental activ	Businss -type activities Series 2014		
Year ending June 30	Improveme	ent bonds 1998	Total	Water Loan	Total
		1000	10141	Louis	10141
2017	\$ 78,101	\$ 114,408	\$ 114,408	\$ 176,386	\$ 290,794
2018	78,053	114,287	114,287	172,924	287,211
2019	78,035	114,271	114,271	177,042	291,313
2020	78,040	114,252	114,252	175,853	290,105
2021	77,968	114,130	114,130	174,297	288,427
2022 - 2026	389,084	569,867	569,867	874,903	1,444,770
2027 - 2031	387,855	568,139	568,139	531,811	1,099,950
2032 - 2036	386,031	565,964	565,964	-	565,964
2037 - 2041	77,033	225,541	225,541		225,541
	1,630,200	2,500,859	2,500,859	2,283,216	4,784,075
Add (less): Interest	(608,500)	(947,259)	(947,259)	(446,683)	(1,393,942)
	1,021,700	1,553,600	1,553,600	1,836,533	3,390,133
Due within one year	(29,000)	(41,600)	(41,600)	(116,766)	(158,366)
Due after one year	\$ 992,700	\$1,512,000	\$1,512,000	\$ 1,719,767	\$3,231,767

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 6 - OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

The District entered in capital lease agreements to finance the purchase of a District office mutifunction copier and scanner. Assets under capital leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are depreciated over their estimated productive lives. Depreciation of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

The capitalized value of the multi-function machine subject to the capital lease is \$8,711 with accumulated amortization of \$2,613 as of June 30, 2016. The amortization expense is included as part of the total depreciation expense for the District.

The obligations under capital lease activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 follows:

	Balance at				Bala	nce at	Current			
	July	1, 2015	Add	itions	Reti	rements	<u>June</u>	30, 2016	ро	rtion
Obligations under capital lease	\$	2,761	\$	_	\$	(2,356)	\$	405	\$	405

Minimum future lease payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2016 are:

	Pay	ments
2017	\$	409
		409
Less: interest		(3)
Present value	\$	406

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

Plan administration. The Foresthill Public Utility District's defined benefit pension plan, California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Foresthill Public Utility District is part of the Public Agency portion of CalPERS, an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. The District participates in the Miscellaneous 3% at 60 risk pool. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Foresthill Public Utility District selects optional benefits through state statute and District resolutions.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the active employee contribution rate is 8.00 percent of annual pay, and the average employer's contribution rate is 12.036 percent of annual payroll. Employer contributions rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

*Contributions*. The amount of contributions paid by the District totaled \$85,764 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The employer contribution was \$51,854 and the employee contributions paid by the employer \$33,310.

*Pooled Report Format.* Since the District's plan has less than 100 active members, it is required to participate in a risk pool.

Benefits provided. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits based on two different valuation plans: Classic and PEPRA. Classic members are those employees who were in the CalPERS retirement system before January 1, 2014. PEPRA members are employees who have been hired and added to the CalPERS system subsequent to December 31, 2013. Retirement benefits for Classic plan members are calculated as 3 percent of the member's highest 3-year average salary times the member's years of service. Plan members with 5 years of accumulated service are eligible to retire at age 60. Classic plan members may retire at any age after 30 years of service. PEPRA (Public Employees' Pension Reform Act) employees retirement benefits are calculated at 2% of the Plan members 3-highest years averaged salaries times the number of years of service and are eligible to retire at age 62. All plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. A plan member who leaves District service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Contributions. Classic Participants are required to pay 8.00% of covered payroll. The Foresthill Public Utility District is required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate necessary to fund the benefits for it members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 12.036% for a contribution of \$51,584.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

The contribution requirement of plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

*Pension Plan CAFR*. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Actuarial Office, P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Actuarial valuations. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2013 total pension liability and the June 30, 2014 total pension liability were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation date June 30, 2013 Measurement date June 30, 2014

Measurement period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of

GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.50% Inflation rate 2.75%

Projected salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return 2.75%

Mortality rate table Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all funds
Post retirement benefit Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power increase Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

*Fiduciary net position*. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as the plan.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The long-term discount rate was determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.65 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. This difference was deemed immaterial to the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows are considered. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Re- turn Years	Real Re- turn Years
Asset class	Allocation	1-10	>10
Global equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global fixed income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

		Disc	ount Rate		
	 1.00% 1.00%				
					ecrease (8.65%)
Plan's net pension liability	\$ 605,214	\$	360,876	\$	159,146

Subsequent events. There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

*Payable to plan at June 30, 2016.* The amount payable to the Plan from the District at June 30, 2016 was \$3,744 as per the withholding and computed contribution requirements.

Recognition of Gains and Losses. Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The periods are as follows:

- Difference between projected and 5 year straight-line amortization actual earnings
- All other amounts

Straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

*Pension expense*. The recognized pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was \$93,730.

*Covered employees.* The total number of participants for the 2013-14 measurement period was 122,789. This includes active, inactive, and retired employees.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### **NOTE 8 – SECTION 457 PLAN**

The District adopted a California PERS Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan. The District does not contribute to this plan. All contributions and administrative fees are paid by the employees.

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### **Plan Description**

The District offers medical, dental or other health benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District. The plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

Under the current health plan, the District pays for coverage of the retiree and their eligible dependents. To be eligible, employees must retire with the District at age 60 or older or must be permanently disabled. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District contributed for five retirees that received benefits at a cost of approximately \$25,698.

The District has fewer than 100 plan members and has elected to use the alternative measurement method. The assumptions and methods used are based on past history and experience.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:**

The annual required contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45 - Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension. The District's ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Healthcare Plan:

The District's Annual OPEB Cost, the percentage of Annual OPEB Cost contributed to the Plan (as described in the funding policy above as the amortized portion of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability), and the Net Required Amortized OPEB Obligation for June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$	32,164 1,367
Annual required OPEB cost		33,531
Contribution made	(	(25,698)
Net OPEB obligation, July 1		59,056
Net OPEB obligation, June 30	\$	66,889

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The Schedule of Funding Status and Progress below is based on an actuarial valuation as of July 28, 2016 the plan's most recent actuarial valuation. The unmet annual net OPEB obligation since the prospective implementation of the GASB Statement 45 shows:

_	Valuation Date	Annual OPEB Cost		Actual nployer tribution	Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	an	Jnmet nual net OPEB ligation
June, 2014	July 28, 2014	\$ 57,428	\$	47,071	81.97%	\$	60,655
June, 2015	October 12, 2015	43,844		45,443	103.65%		59,056
June, 2016	September 20, 2016	33,531		25,698	76.64%		66,889

The schedule of funding progress presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The projections of benefits are based on the types of benefits provided under the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective, and, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the September 20, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.75% investment rate of return, an assumed inflation rate, and an increase in covered payroll at the rate of 3.30% per year. Medical premiums have been assumed to rise at a decreasing rate (from 9% in 2010 to 4.5% in 2017) and dental premiums by 3%.

The OPEB Plan's unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized by level percent of payroll contributions over 30 years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 was 26 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances for operations as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Fund	Due from other funds	Due to other funds
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund	\$ 42,649	\$ -
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: District Enterprise Fund		42,649
TOTALS	\$ 42,649	\$ 42,649

Interfund transfers for operations as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Fund	Transfer in	Transfer out		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Assessment District No. 2 Debt Service Fund	\$ 100,000	\$ -		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: District Enterprise Fund		100,000		
TOTALS	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000		

#### **NOTE 11 – RISK OF LOSS**

Foresthill Public Utility District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees. During the 2016 fiscal year, the District purchased certain commercial insurance coverage to provide for these risks with liability limits of \$10,000,000. There have been no significant reduction in coverage from coverage in the prior year and there have not been any settlements that have exceeded the coverage in the past three years.

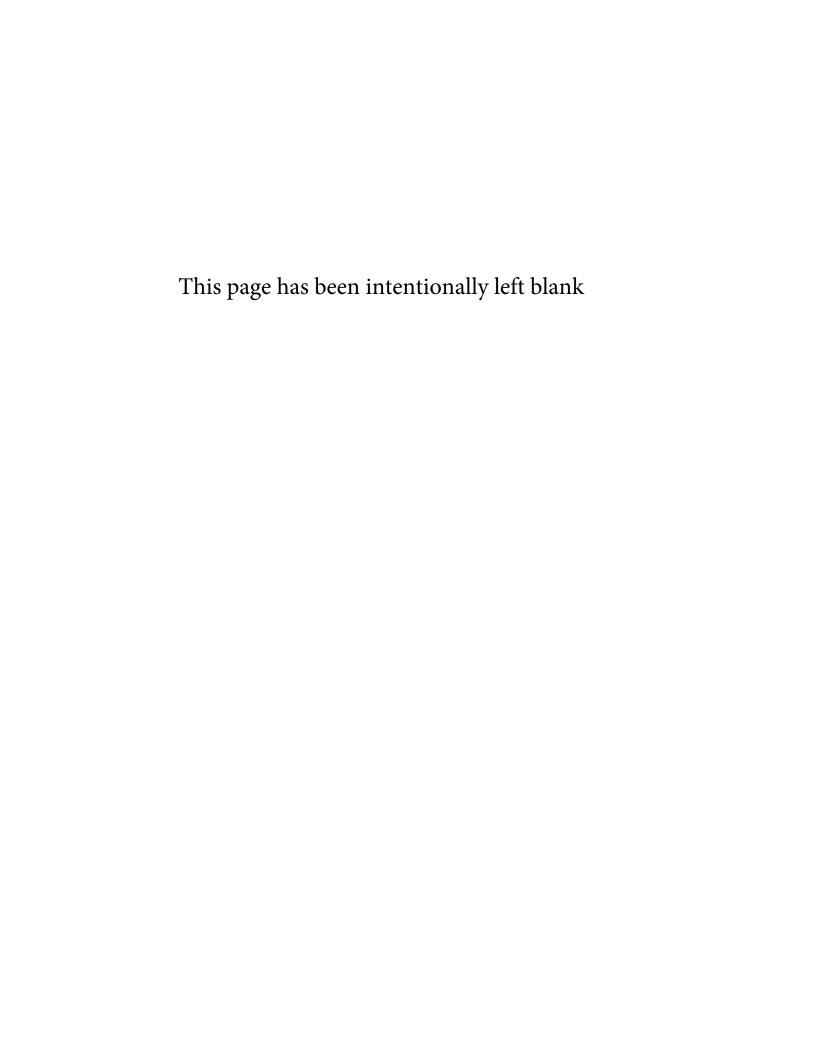
#### **NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 14, 2016, the date these June 30, 2016 financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS**

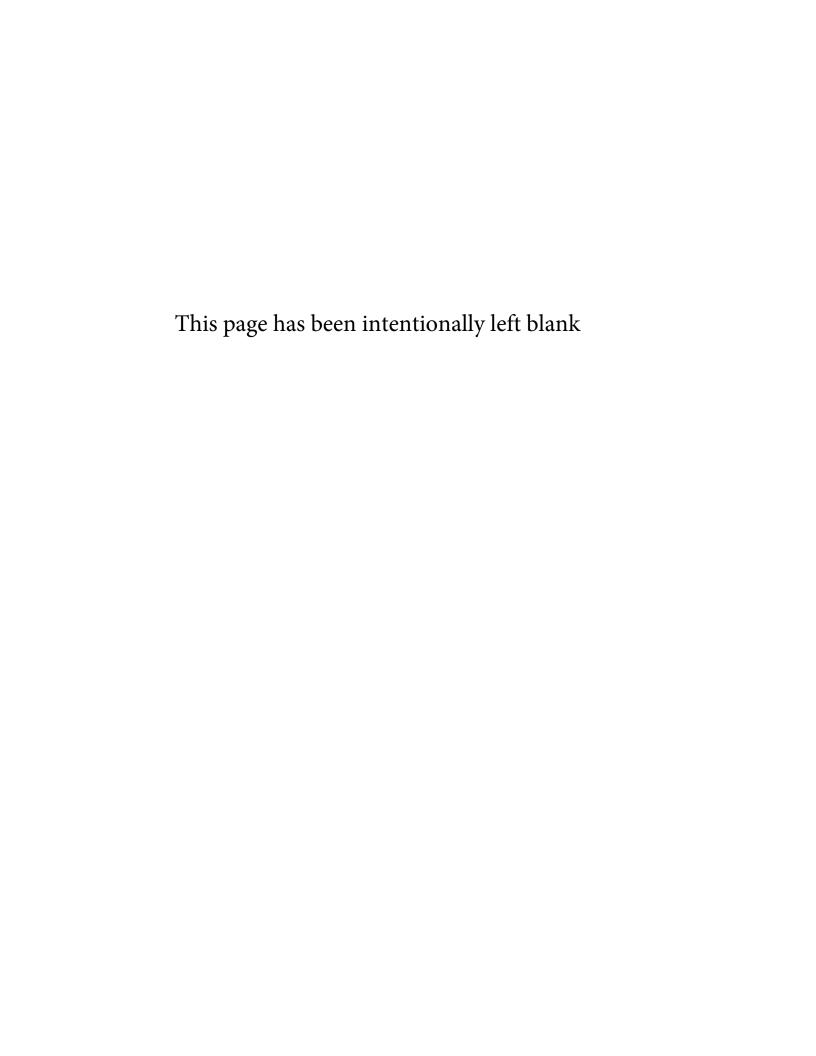
The District is in the design phase of a million gallon water storage tank. A contract with an engineering firm totaling \$297,506 was entered into and at year end there was a remaining balance of \$164,559.





## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AGGREGATE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Measurement period	2014	2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, July 1	\$12,374,543,647	\$13,110,948,452
Sevice cost Interest on Total Pension Liability	338,829,351 921,162,366	335,248,541 977,551,637
Changes in benefit terms Changes in assumptions	- -	485,762 (242,065,946)
Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payment, including refunds of employee contributions	(523,586,912)	25,585,821 (568,251,183)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	736,404,805	528,554,632
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, JUNE 30	13,110,948,452	13,639,503,084
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, July 1	\$ 9,097,875,216	\$10,639,461,174
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payment, including refunds of employee contributions Net plan to plna resource movement Administrative expense	316,207,965 159,834,203 1,589,130,702 (523,586,912)	376,902,997 154,112,658 240,587,946 (568,251,183) 65,452,197 (12,229,721)
NET CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	1,541,585,958	256,574,894
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, JUNE 30	10,639,461,174	10,896,036,068
PLAN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET)	\$ 2,471,487,278	\$ 2,743,467,016
RATIOS:		
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	81.15%	79.89%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,268,432,750	\$ 3,356,288,355
PLAN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	75.62%	81.74%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date.

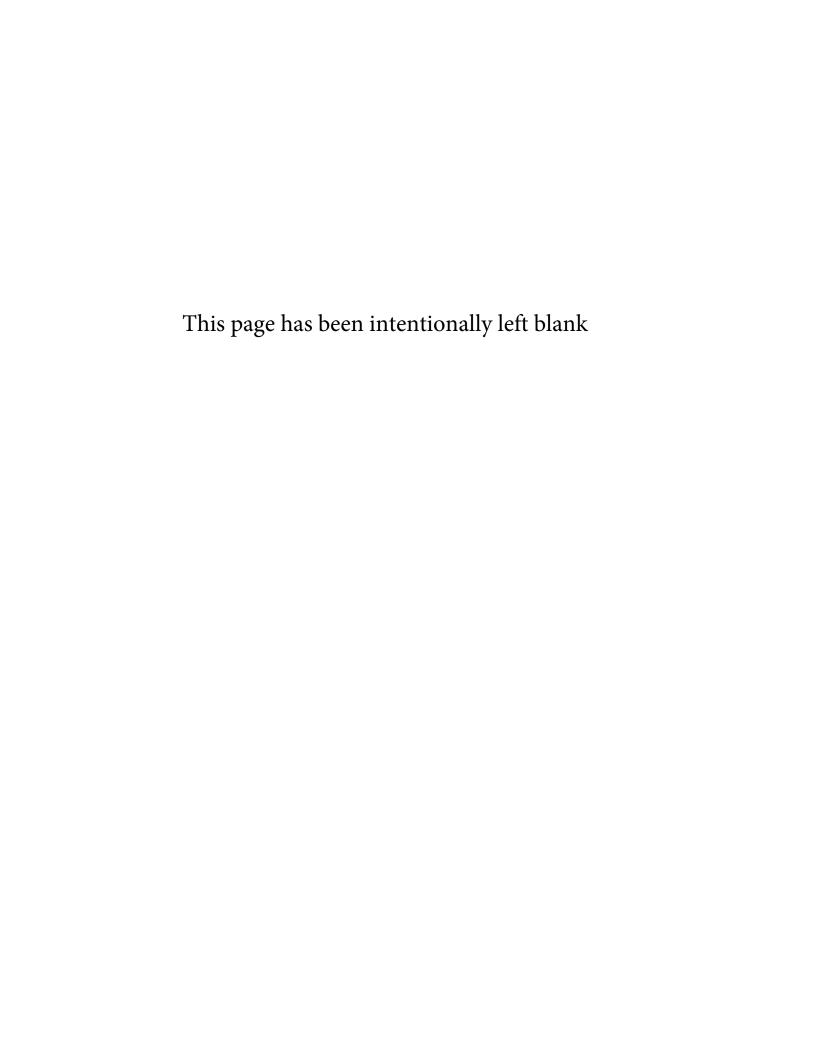
# SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	Measurement date:			June 30	0, 2014		
		Ą	gregate data		strict data		Percent of
			Pool balance	Pu	Foresthill Iblic Utility District		District to Aggregate data
MISCELLANEOUS RISK POOL:							
Total pension liability		\$ 13	3,110,948,452	\$	1,607,860	_	0.01226%
Fiduciary net position		10	),639,461,174		1,328,055	=	0.01248%
Net pension liability		\$ 2	2,471,487,278	\$	279,805	=	0.01132%
Additional side fund payments		\$	29,291,579	\$	-		
Fiduciary net position, net of							
additional side fund payments		\$ 10	),610,169,595	\$	1,328,055		
Covered - employee payroll				\$	293,820		
Proportionate share of the net pension liability							
as a percentage of covered - employee pays	roll				95.23%		

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date.

June 30, 2015

Aggregate data	District data	Percent of
	Foresthill	District to
Pool	Public Utility	Aggregate
balance	District	data
\$ 13,639,503,084	\$ 1,745,447	0.0127979
10,896,036,068	1,433,265	0.0131549
\$ 2,743,467,016	\$ 312,182	0.0113799
\$ -	\$ -	
\$ 10,896,036,068	\$ 1,433,265	
	\$ 497,072	
	62.80%	



## SCHEDULE OF PLAN LEGALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	Miscellaneous risk pool							
	2014	2015						
Legally required contributions	\$ 58,897	\$ 88,914						
Contributions in relation to the legally required contribution	(58,897)	(94,795)						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (5,881)						
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 293,820	\$ 497,072						
Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll	20.05%	19.07%						

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date.

# SCHEDULE OF DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Measurement date:		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2015				
		Miscellaned	ous risk p	ool	Miscellaneous risk pool			
	Def	ferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
		lows of		ows of		tflows of		flows of
	Res	Resources Resources		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,353	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-		(41,186)
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		-	(	(91,222)		105,568		(126,215)
Adjustment due to differences in proportions				(3,327)				
TOTAL	\$	-	\$ (	(94,549)	\$	109,921	\$	(167,401)

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date.

# SCHEDULE OF AGGREGATE DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES TO BE RECOGNIZED IN FUTURE PENSION EXPENSE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources

Measurement period		Plan		F	oresthill Public				
ended June 30	Aggregate Amounts		Allocation percentages	Utility District					
	-	7 anounto	porcontagos	-	District				
2016	\$	(124,872,364)	0.023087%	\$	(28,829)				
2017		(124,872,364)	0.023087%		(28,829)				
2018		(113,478,674)	0.023087%		(26,199)				
2019		114,295,501	0.023087%		26,387				
2020		-	-		-				
Remaining		-	-		-				

## SCHEUDLE OF OTHER AGGREGATE PENSION RELATED DISCLOSURES AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

		Remaining	<b>J</b>					Measuremer	nt da	tes				
Year		Period		2045		2242		004=		2242		0040		main-
ended	Total	(Years)		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		ing
SCHEDU	LE OF DIFFERENC	ES BETWE	EN E	EXPECTED AND	) AC	TUAL EXPERIE	NCI	<b>:</b>						
					Inc	crease (decreas	e) ir	_ pension expe	nse a	arising from the	rec	ognition		
					of	the effects of d	iffer	ences between	expe	ected and actua	ıl ex	perience		
2014	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2015	25,585,821	3.8		6,733,111		6,733,111		6,733,111		5,386,488				-
NET INC	CREASE (DECRE	ASE)												
	NSION EXPENSE	(LOL)	\$	6,733,111	\$	6,733,111	\$	6,733,111	\$	5,386,488	\$	-	\$	-
SCHEDU	ILE OF CHANGES II	N ASSUMP	TION	<u>IS:</u>		lu a u a a a a . ( di		\ ::		i-i f	4	h a		
				Increase (decrease) in pension expense arising from the recognition of the effects of changes in assumptions										
2014	\$ -		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>g </u>	\$		\$	
2014	(242,065,946)	3.8	Ф	(63,701,565)	Ф	(63,701,565)	Ф	(63,701,565)	Ф	(50,961,251)	Ф	-	Ф	-
	, , ,													
	CREASE (DECRE	ASE)	Φ.	(62 501 565)	Φ.	(60.501.565)	Φ.	(60 501 565)	Φ.	(50.051.051)	Φ.		Φ.	
IN PEN	NSION EXPENSE		\$	(63,701,565)	\$	(63,701,565)	\$	(63,701,565)	\$	(50,961,251)	\$		\$	
SCHEDU	LE OF DIFFERENC	ES BETWE	EN F	PROJECTED AN	ID A	CTUAL EARNIN	IGS	ON PENSION F	LAN	INVESTMENTS	S:			
Increase (decrease) in pension expense arising from the recognition of the differences														
					be	tween projected	d an	d actual earning	gs o	n pension plan	inve	estments		
2014	\$ (910,997,066)	4.0	\$	(182,199,413)	\$	(182,199,413)	\$	(182,199,413)	\$	(182,199,413)	\$	(182,199,414)	\$	-
2015	571,477,513	5.0		114,295,503	_	114,295,503		114,295,503		114,295,503		114,295,501		-
NET INC	CREASE (DECRE	ASE)												
	NSION EXPENSE	age)	\$	(67,903,910)	\$	(67,903,910)	\$	(67,903,910)	\$	(67,903,910)	\$	(67,903,913)	\$	-
						<del></del>	_	<u> </u>	_	<del></del>	_			

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 1 - CHANGE IN BENEFIT TERMS**

The amounts above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Year Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes). Employers that have done so may need to report this information as a separate liability in their financial statements as CalPERS considers such amount to be separately financed employer-specific liabilities.

#### **NOTE 2 - CHANGE IN ASSUMPTIONS**

The discount rate was changed from 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense for the measurement period ended June 30, 2015.

#### NOTE 3 - SIGNIFICANT METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation date June 30, 2014 Measurement date June 30, 2015

Measurement period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method Acturial value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.65% Inflation rate 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50% net of pension plan investment and administrative

expenses

Mortality rate table The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010

CalPRES Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using

Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010

CalPRES Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

2007.

#### **NOTE 4 - PENSION EXPENSE RECOGNIZED**

The pension expense recognized by the employer for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was \$93,730.

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## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 WITH ACTUAL TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Pudgotod	l Amounts	2016	Variance with Final Budget Positive	2015	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Sales of water	\$1,456,880	\$1,456,880	\$1,518,548	\$ 61,668	\$1,412,831	
Sugar Pine surcharge	205,000	205,000	212,320	7,320	208,170	
Rehabilitation and system surcharges	481,000	481,000	464,710	(16,290)	425,001	
Water service related fees	38,500	38,500	24,789	(13,711)	14,609	
Other income	5,000	5,000	49,157	44,157	64,774	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,186,380	2,186,380	2,269,524	83,144	2,125,385	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Source of supply	102,443	102,443	36,593	(65,850)	51,228	
Pumping	36,918	36,918	21,245	(15,673)	18,350	
Water treatment	276,494	276,494	190,484	(86,010)	162,929	
Transmission and distribution	247,965	247,965	297,679	49,714	240,430	
Customer service	394,732	394,732	350,670	(44,062)	262,432	
Regulatory compliance	236,644	236,644	139,076	(97,568)	170,929	
Administration and general	181,604	181,604	177,322	(4,282)	263,348	
Depreciation and amortization			271,542	271,542	264,957	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,476,800	1,476,800	1,484,611	7,811	1,434,603	
OPERATING INCOME	709,580	709,580	784,913	75,333	690,782	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Interest income	15,000	15,000	39,066	24,066	8,308	
Transfer of surplus water	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	
Loss on disposition of asset	_	-	37,785	37,785	-	
Grant income	-	-	20,000	20,000	-	
Property taxes	78,000	78,000	84,600	6,600	77,187	
Capital facility fees	18,776	18,776	115,874	97,098	52,670	
Interest expense	(114,338)	(114,338)	(56,117)	58,221	(173,076)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING						
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(2,562)	(2,562)	241,208	243,770	965,089	
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	707,018	707,018	1,026,121	319,103	1,655,871	
TRANSFERS:						
Transfer out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)		(100,000)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 607,018	\$ 607,018	\$ 926,121	\$ 319,103	\$1,555,871	

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

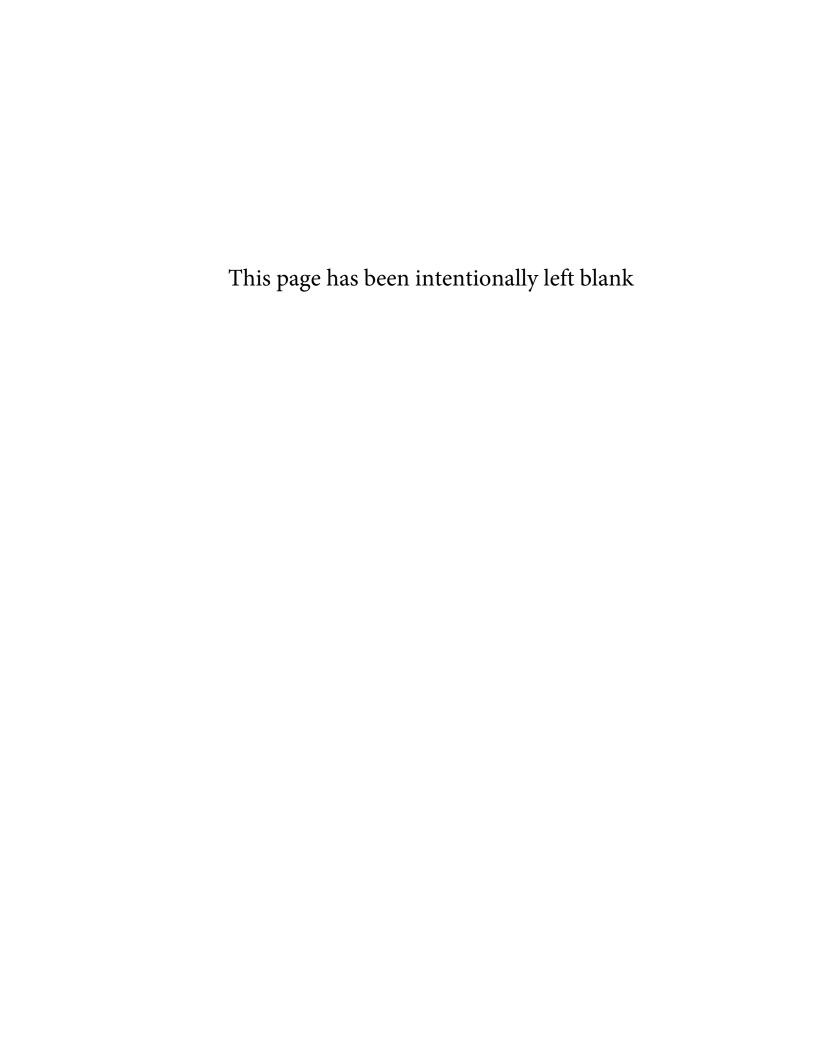
	2016	2015		
SOURCE OF SUPPLY				
Supervision and labor	\$ 32,241	\$ 45,029		
Materials and supplies	442	1,238		
Equipment costs	-	543		
Contract services	_	54		
Power	3,855	4,364		
Other expenses	55	-		
Cuter expenses				
TOTAL SOURCE OF SUPPLY	36,593	51,228		
PUMPING				
Supervision and labor	11,194	10,282		
Power	8,645	7,839		
Materials and supplies	-	10		
Equipment costs	-	219		
Propane	1,406			
TOTAL PUMPING	21,245	18,350		
WATER TREATMENT				
Supervision and labor	154,358	128,426		
Materials and supplies	9,372	12,024		
Maintenance	4,572	3,243		
Chemical and analysis	12,198	10,880		
Vehicle expense	3,252	2,489		
Power	6,386	5,076		
Propane	316	81		
Utilities	30	45		
Other expenses		665		
TOTAL WATER TREATMENT	190,484	162,929		
TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION				
Supervision and labor	226,903	179,164		
Materials and supplies	43,992	27,722		
Maintenance	3,995	8,525		
Vehicle expense	12,099	11,768		
Contract services	6,114	3,519		
Propane	112	651		
Utilities	1,152	1,138		
Other expenses	3,312	546		
TOTAL TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION	297,679	233,033		

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS		
Supervision and labor	312,742	240,889
Materials and supplies	21,151	20,178
Maintenance	5,930	
Vehicle expense	101	_
Contract services	1,339	2,047
Power	155	_,
Propane	306	_
Utilities	8,946	_
Other expenses		6,715
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS	350,670	269,829
REGULATORY COMPLIANCE		
Supervision and labor	56,498	45,895
Materials and supplies	788	385
Maintenance	301	261
Vehicle expense	256	-
Chemical and analysis	7,249	7,344
Contract services	43,096	74,752
Restoration fee	18,381	22,041
State Department of Health Services	6,533	14,277
Other expenses	5,974	5,974
TOTAL REGULATORY COMPLIANCE	139,076	170,929
ADMINSTRATIVE AND GENERAL		
Supervision and labor	72,102	84,391
Materials and supplies	9,650	6,901
Maintenance	73	-
Vehicle expense	224	123
Power	3,167	2,901
Propane	383	317
Contract services	31,139	107,897
Insurance	25,378	25,933
Restoration fee	9,667	-
Utilities	7,596	9,074
Other expenses	17,943	25,811
TOTAL ADMINSTRATIVE AND GENERAL	177,322	263,348
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES BEFORE		
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 1,213,069	\$ 1,169,646

## OTHER REPORTS





#### **BOLER & ASSOCIATES**

PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
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DAVIS, CA 95616

(530) 756-1735

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Foresthill Public Utility District Foresthill, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Foresthill Public Utility District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise the Foresthill Public Utility District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2016.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Foresthill Public Utility District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foresthill Public Utility District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foresthill Public Utility District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Foresthill Public Utility District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 14, 2016